GURU KASHI UNIVERSITY



Bachelor of Vocational Medical Imaging Technology (3 years)

Session: 2024-25

Department of Paramedical Sciences

Graduate Attributes:

The programme B.Voc. MIT imparts to the students an intensive knowledge to perform routine X-ray, C.T. Scan, and MRI Scan procedures within acceptable quality control in radiology under the supervision of Radiation Safety Officer so that they maximize their potential by utilizing their abilities, academic excellence, and justifiable confidence, to contribute to society in a meaningful way.

Programme Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course graduates will be able to:

- 1. Perform routine radiological procedures within acceptable quality control in the radiology department.
- 2. Function in an ethical and professional manner without bias against any ethnicity, race, religion, caste, or gender with a high degree of credibility, integrity, and social concern.
- 3. Handle, operate, and maintain radiological equipment utilizing appropriate quality control and safety procedures.
- 4. Apply problem-solving techniques in the identification and correction of pre-operative &post-operative complications.
- 5. Formulate technical skills, social behavior, and professional awareness for functioning effectively as a radiographer.
- 6. Maximize their potential by utilizing their abilities, academic excellence, and justifiable confidence.

Programme Structure

		Semester:	· I				
Sr. No.	Course Code	Course Name	Type of course	L	Т	P	No. of Credits
1	BIG101	General Anatomy	Core	4	0	0	4
2	BIG102	General Physiology	Core	4	0	0	4
3	BIG103	Basics Radiation Physics	Core	4	0	0	4
4	BIG104	General Anatomy (Practical)	Skill Based	0	0	4	2
5	BIG105	General Physiology (Practical)	Skill Based	0	0	4	2
6	BIG106	Basics Radiation Physics (Practical)	Skill Based	0	0	2	1
7	BIG107	Communication and soft Skills	Compulsory foundation	2	0	0	2
8	BIG108	Human Rights and Duties	Multidisciplinary	2	0	0	2
	Discipl	inary Elective-I (Any on	e of the following)			_	
9	BIG109	Biomedical Waste Management Introduction to Quality	Disciplinary	3	0	0	3
	BIG110	and Patient safety.	Total	19	0	10	24

		Semes	ter: II				
Sr. No.	Course Code	Course Name	Type of course	L	Т	P	No. Of Credits
1	BIG201	Radiation Physics & Radiation Protection	Core	4	0	0	4
2	BIG202	Basic Radiographic Technique & Procedure	Core	4	0	0	4
3	BIG203	Basic Radiographic Technique & Procedure (Practical)	Skill Based	0	0	4	2
4	BIG204	Radiation Physics & Radiation Protection (Practical)	Skill Based	0	0	4	2
5	BIG205	Environmental Sciences	Compulsory foundation	2	0	0	2
6	BIG206	First aid	Value Added Course	2	0	0	2
7	BIG299	XXXX	MOOC	-	_	-	3
'	Discipl	inary Elective-II(Any one	of the followin	g)		1	'
8	BIG207	Health Education and Health Communication	Disciplinary	3	3 0	0	3
9	BIG208	Basic Fundamental of Computers	Elective-II				
		Disciplinary Elective-III (Any one of the	follov	ving)	I	
10	BIG209	Radiation Protection & Management of Radiology Department	Disciplinary Elective-III	3	0	0	3
11	BIG210	Medical Ethics					
		Total		18	0	08	25

		Semester	: III				
Sr. No	Course Code	Course Name	Type of course	L	т	P	No. of Credits
1	BIG301	Clinical Radiography Positioning-I	Core	4	0	0	4
2	BIG302	Modern radiological & imaging equipment including physics	Core	4	0	0	4
3	BIG303	Clinical Radiography Positioning-I (Practical)	Skill Based	0	О	4	2
4	BIG304	Modern Radiological & Imaging Equipment Including Physics (Practical)	Skill Based	0	О	4	2
5	BIG305	Medical terminology and Record keeping	Elective Foundatio n	3	0	0	3
6	BIG306	XXXX	MOOC	-	-	1	3
	Disciplina	ry Elective-V (Any one of	the followin	g)			
7	BIG307	Disaster management	Disciplinar y Elective-	3	0	0	3
8	BIG308	Cardiac Imaging	V				
		Open Elective	Course				
9	BIG309	XXXX	IDC	2	0	0	2
	l		Total	16	0	8	23
	C	Open Elective Courses (fo	r other Depa	rtmer	ıt)		
10	BIG310	Introduction to Health care and Nutrition.	Open	2	0	0	2
11	BIG311	Introduction to Microbial Diseases: Causes, Prevention and Cure.					

		Semester	: IV				
Sr. No.	Course Code	Course Name	Type of course	L	Т	P	No. Of Credits
1	BIG401	Clinical Radiography Positioning-II	Core	4	0	0	4
2	BIG402	Contrast & Special Radiography Procedures	Core	4	0	0	4
3	BIG403	Innovation, creativity and Entrepreneur mind set	Entrepreneurs hip skills	2	0	0	2
4	BIG404	Clinical Radiography Positioning-II (Practical)	Skill Based	0	0	4	2
6.	BIG405	Human psychology	Multidisciplinary	3	0	0	3
	Value Adde	ed Course (for other dis	cipline student a	lso)			
7	BIG406	Community medicine	VAC	2	0	0	2
	Disc	iplinary Elective-V (An	y one of the follow	wing)			
8	BIG407	Fundamentals of Nursing	Disciplinary	3	0	0	3
9	BIG408	Physics of Radiotherapy	Elective-V				
		isciplinary Elective-VI	<u>, </u>	llowi	ng)		
10	BIG409	Physics of Imaging Modalities	Disciplinary _Elective-VI	3	0	0	3
11	BIG410	Biostatics					
	Di	sciplinary Elective-VII	(Any one of the fo	ollowi	ng)		
12	BIG411	Patient Care and Hospital Administration	Disciplinary Elective-VII	3	0	0	3
12	BIG412	Mentoring and professional					
		development					

		Seme	ester: V				
Sr. No.	Course Code	Course Name	Type of course	L	Т	P	No. Of Credits
1	BIG501	Cross sectional anatomy and physiology	Core	4	0	0	4
2	BIG502	Radiographic Techniques of Advanced Imaging Technology	Core	4	0	0	4
3	BIG503	Physics of Advance Imaging Technology	Core	4	0	0	4
4	BIG504	Cross-Sectional Anatomy & Physiology (Practical)	Skill Based	0	0	4	2
5	BIG505	Radiographic Techniques of Advanced Imaging Technology (Practical)	Skill Based	0	0	4	2
6	BIG506	Research Methodology	AEC	2	0	0	2
7	BIG507	Ultrasound Imaging	VAC	2	0	0	2
8	BIG599	XXXX	MOOC	0	0	0	3
	Di	sciplinary Elective-VII	(Any one of the	e follo	wing)		
9	BIG508	Medical Law and Ethics	Disciplinary Elective-VIII	3	0	0	3
10	BIG509	Orientation in Clinical Sciences					
			Total	19	0	8	26

	Semester: VI							
Sr. No.	Course Code	Course Name	Type of course	L	Т	P	No. Of Credits	
1	BIG601	Industrial Training/Internshi p (6 months)	Skill Based	0	0	0	20	
			Total	0	0	0	20	

Evaluation Criteria for Theory Courses

- A. Continuous Assessment: [25 Marks]
 - CA1- Surprise Test (Two best out of three) (10 Marks)
 - CA2- Assignment(s) (10 Marks)
 - CA3- Term paper/ Quiz/Presentation (05 Marks)
- B. Attendance (05 Marks)
- C. Mid-Semester Test: (30 Marks)
- D. End-Semester Exam: (40 Marks)

Semester -1st

Course Title: General Anatomy

Course Code: BVMI101

L	T	P	Cr.
4	0	0	4

Total Hours 60

Learning Outcomes: After Completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Explain the structure and function of muscles, including muscle types, naming conventions, and their role in movement.
- 2. Demonstrate about the different properties of nerve fibers, anatomy of neuralgia, synapse, CNS, CSF, brain, cranial nerves, demonstration of reflexes.
- 3. Illustrate the anatomy of cell organelles, blood component, function, skeletal system, circulatory system, lymphatic system and its structure help in employability
- 4. Recognize and describe common anatomical abnormalities and pathological conditions in the human body.

Course Contents

UNIT-I 15 Hours

Introduction to Anatomy, Definition and scope of anatomy, Anatomical terminology and directional terms, Anatomical planes and sections, Bones: Classification, structure, and functions, Bone development and growth Joints: Types and functions, Axial and appendicular skeleton, Muscular System: Muscle types: Skeletal, smooth, and cardiac function of skeletal muscles,

UNIT-II 15 Hours

Cardiovascular System, Heart anatomy, Blood vessels: Arteries, veins, and capillaries, Blood composition and functions, Circulation and cardiac cycle,

Skin - Features of skin, hair, sebaceous glands, sweat glands, nails.

Digestive System, Alimentary canal: Mouth, pharynx, oesophagus, stomach, small and large intestine, Accessory digestive organs: Liver, pancreas, and gallbladder

UNIT-III 15 Hours

Urinary System: Kidney structure and function, Urinary tract: Ureters, urinary bladder, and urethra, Urine formation and excretion Fluid and electrolyte balance, Reproductive System: Male reproductive system: Testes, ducts, accessory glands, and penis, Female reproductive system: Ovaries, uterus, uterine tubes, and vagina, Menstrual cycle and hormonal regulation and Fertilization

UNIT-IV 15 Hours

Endocrine System: Endocrine glands and hormones, Regulation of hormone secretion, Major endocrine organs: Pituitary, thyroid, parathyroid, adrenal, pancreas, and gonads, Hormonal control and homeostasis, Olfactory system, taste apparatus, Respiratory tract anatomy: Nasal cavity, pharynx, larynx, trachea, bronchi, and lungs, Gas exchange and respiration, Mechanics of breathing

Transaction Modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer.

- Chaurasia, B. D. (2010). BD Chaurasia's Human Anatomy. CBS Publishers & Distributors Pvt. Ltd.
- Mescher, A. L. (2013). Junqueira's basic histology: text and atlas (Vol. 12). 13th ed. New York: McGraw-Hill
- Halim, A. (2008). Human Anatomy: Volume I: Upper Limb and Thorax. IK International Pvt Ltd.
- Hallam, J. (2009). Grey's Anatomy: Scalpels, sex and stereotypes. Medical Humanities, 35(1), 60-61

Course Title: General Physiology

Course Code: BVMI102

L T P Cr. 4 0 0 4

Total Hours 60

Learning Outcomes: After Completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Explain the fundamental processes that occur within cells, including cellular respiration, membrane transport, and cellular communication.
- 2. Describe the structure and function of major organ systems in the human body, such as the cardiovascular, respiratory, nervous, and endocrine systems.
- 3. Demonstrate the properties of nerve fibers, function of neuralgia, synapse, CNS, CSF, brain, cranial nerves, demonstration of reflexes.
- 4. Provide knowledge about functioning of Hormones, pituitary gland, thyroid gland, parathyroid glands, adrenal glands, endocrine pancreas, help in employability

Course Contents

UNIT-I 15 Hours

Introduction to physiology of the human body –Composition of body, Homeostasis, Organization of the human body at the tissue level – Function of Epithelial, Connective, Muscular & Nervous tissues, Blood –haemostasis, coagulation of blood, blood transfusion, Lymphatic system – Function of lymph vessels, lymphatic tissue & organs, lymphatics, spleen, tonsil, thymus, Resistance & immunity – Innate immunity, acquired immunity, humoral & cell mediated immunity.

UNIT-II 15 Hours

Respiratory system – Physiology of respiration, gas exchange in lungs, transport of gases between lungs & tissues, regulation of respiration cardio-vascular system - Heart & blood vessels: Systemic circulation, pulmonary circulation, cardiac output, blood pressure.

Digestive system – Process of digestion, function of oral cavity, pharynx, salivary glands, oesophagus, stomach, small intestine, large intestine, liver, gallbladder, pancreas, Urinary system – Function of kidneys, glomerular apparatus, Ureter, urinary bladder and urethra.

UNIT-III 15 Hours

Reproductive system—female: Physiology of female reproductive system, Reproductive system—male: Physiology of male reproductive system, Endocrine system—Mechanism of action of hormones, function of pituitary gland, thyroid gland, parathyroid glands and adrenal glands.

UNIT-IV 15 Hours

Nervous system – Properties of nerve fibers, function of neuroglia, synapse, CNS, CSF, brain, cranial nerves, Skeletal system and bone physiology Muscular system –Types of Muscles, Properties of skeletal muscle, cardiac muscle, smooth muscle, muscles of the body, Skeletal system – Functions of bones, axial skeleton, and appendicular skeleton, Special senses Skin – Function of skin, hair, sebaceous glands, sweat glands and nails

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer

- Ashalatha, P. R., &Deepa, G. (2012). Textbook of Anatomy & Physiology for Nurses. JP Medical Ltd.
- Chatterjee, C. C. (2020). Human Physiology. (13th edition). CBS Publisher and Distributor Pvt. Ltd. Colorimetry
- Heilbrunn, L. V. (1952). General physiology. Saunders, Philadelphia.
- Hall, J. E. 1. (2016). Guyton and Hall textbook of medical physiology (13th edition.). Philadelphia, PA: Elsevier.

Course Title: Basics Radiation Physics

Course Code: BVMI103

L	T	P	Cr.
4	0	0	4

Total Hours 60

Course Learning Outcomes: After Completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Understand the Fundamental Principles of X-rays.
- 2. Comprehend the Physics of X-ray Production.
- 3. Describe the characteristics of electromagnetic radiation.
- 4. Identify and Describe the Components of X-ray Tubes:
- 5. Ensure Radiation Safety and Dose Management:

Course Contents:

UNIT-I 15 Hours

- Radiation,
- Types of Radiation,
 - Ionizing Radiation: Alpha, Beta, Gamma, X-rays, Neutrons
 - Non-Ionizing Radiation: Ultraviolet, Visible Light, Infrared, Microwaves, Radio Waves
- History and Discovery of X-rays,
- Introduction & Uses,
- Production of X-rays,
- Properties of X-rays,
- Radiation hazards of X-rays & protection,
- Importance and Applications of Radiation Physics.

UNIT-II 15 Hours

- Electromagnetic Spectrum
- Production of X-rays: Bremsstrahlung and Characteristic Radiation
- Interaction of X-rays with Matter: Photoelectric Effect, Compton Scattering, Pair Production

UNIT-III 15 Hours

X-ray Tubes

- Basic Components of an X-ray Tube
 - Cathode
 - o Anode
 - Glass Envelope
 - Cooling System
- Types of X-ray Tubes
 - o Stationary Anode X-ray Tubes
 - o Rotating Anode X-ray Tubes
 - Microfocus and Mammography Tubes
- Introduction to transformers.

Introduction to generators.

UNIT-IV 15 Hours

Radiation Safety and Protection

- ALARA Principle (As Low As Reasonably Achievable)
- Time, Distance, and Shielding
- Regulatory Bodies and Guidelines (ICRP, NCRP)
- Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and Monitoring

Medical Applications of Radiation

- Diagnostic Radiology: X-rays, CT Scans
- Nuclear Medicine: PET, SPECT
- Radiation Therapy: External Beam, Brachytherapy

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer Answer

Suggested Readings

- K.Thalayan, Basic of Radiological Physics
- K.Thalayan, Textbook of Radiological Safety
- Rehani, Advance Medical Physics

Course Title: General Anatomy (Practical)

Course Code: BVMI104

L	T	P	Cr.
0	0	4	2

Total Hours 30

Learning Outcomes: After Completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate about Hormones, pituitary gland, thyroid gland, parathyroid glands, adrenal glands, endocrine pancreas, help in employability.
- 2. Classify the different properties of nerve fibers, anatomy of neuralgia, synapse, CNS, CSF, brain, cranial nerves, demonstration of reflexes.
- 3. Illustrate anatomy of cell organelles, blood component, function, skeletal system, circulatory system, lymphatic system and its structure help in employability
- 4. Discuss about the various muscles, organs, bones, joints, tendons, ligaments, blood vessels and cells.

^{*} Latest editions of all the suggested books are recommended

- 1. Demonstration of-Basic anatomical terminology, anatomical position, anatomical planes, levels of organization in the body, organ systems, skeleton, cavities of the body.
- 2. Lymphatic system Features of lymph vessels, lymphatic tissue & organs, lymphatics, spleen, tonsil, thymus.
- 3. Nervous system Central nervous system, brain, cerebellum, spinal cord, cranial nerves, autonomic nervous system.
- 4. Muscular system Skeletal muscle, cardiac muscle, smooth muscle, muscles of the body.
- 5. Skeletal system Features of bones, axial skeleton, appendicular skeleton.
- 6. Musculoskeletal system Joints of upper & lower limb.
- 7. Respiratory system Nose ¶nasal sinuses, pharynx, larynx, trachea, lungs.
- 8. Cardiovascular system Heart & blood vessels.
- 9. Digestive system Oral cavity, pharynx, salivary glands, oesophagus stomach, small intestine, large intestine, liver, gallbladder, pancrea.
- 10. Urinary system Kidneys, juxtaglomerular apparatus, Ureter, urinary bladder, urethra.
- 11. Introduction to genetics Features of chromosomes, DNA.
- 12. Reproductive system in females External & internal genital organs, breast.
- 13. Reproductive system in males Penis, scrotum, testes, prostate gland.
- 14. Endocrine system Hormones, pituitary gland, thyroid gland, parathyroid glands, adrenal glands, endocrine pancreas.

Transaction Modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer.

Suggested Readings

- Chaurasia, B. D. (2010). BD Chaurasia's Human Anatomy. CBS Publishers & Distributors Pvt. Ltd.
- Mescher, A. L. (2013). Junqueira's basic histology: text and atlas (Vol. 12). 13th ed. New York: McGraw-Hill
- Halim, A. (2008). Human Anatomy: Volume I: Upper Limb And Thorax. IK International Pvt Ltd.

Hallam, J. (2009). Grey's Anatomy: Scalpels, sex and stereotypes. Medical Humanities, 35(1), 60-61

Course Title: General Physiology (Practical)

Course Code: BVMI105

L	T	P	Cr.
0	0	4	2

Total Hours 30

Learning Outcomes: After Completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Explain the fundamental processes that occur within cells, including cellular respiration, membrane transport, and cellular communication.
- 2. Describe the structure and function of major organ systems in the human body, such as the cardiovascular, respiratory, nervous, and endocrine systems.
- 3. Demonstrate the properties of nerve fibers, function of neuralgia, synapse, CNS, CSF, brain, cranial nerves, demonstration of reflexes.
- 4. Provide knowledge about functioning of Hormones, pituitary gland, thyroid gland, parathyroid glands, adrenal glands, endocrine pancreas, help in employability

List of Practical's / Experiments:

30 Hours

- 1. Introduction to laboratory equipment and techniques
- 2. Demonstration of-Basic physiological terminology, anatomical position, anatomical planes, levels of organization in the body, organ systems, skeleton, cavities of the body.
- 3. Lymphatic system Features of lymph vessels, lymphatic tissue & organs, lymphatics, spleen, tonsil, thymus.
- 4. Nervous system Central nervous system, brain, cerebellum, spinal cord, cranial nerves, autonomic nervous system.
- 5. Muscular system Skeletal muscle, cardiac muscle, smooth muscle, muscles of the body.
- 6. Skeletal system Features of bones, axial skeleton, appendicular skeleton.
- 7. Musculoskeletal system Joints of upper & lower limb.
- 8. Respiratory system Nose & paranasal sinuses, pharynx, larynx, trachea, lungs.
- 9. Cardiovascular system Heart & blood vessels.
- 10. Digestive system Oral cavity, pharynx, salivary glands, oesophagus, stomach, small intestine, large intestine, liver, gallbladder, pancreas.
- 11. Urinary system Kidneys, juxtaglomerular apparatus, Ureter, urinary bladder, urethra.
- 12. Introduction to genetics Features of chromosomes, DNA.

- 13. Reproductive system in females External & internal genital organs, breast.
- 14. Reproductive system in males Penis, scrotum, testes, prostate gland.
- 15. Endocrine system Hormones, pituitary gland, thyroid gland, parathyroid glands, adrenal glands, endocrine pancreas.

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer

- Ashalatha, P. R., &Deepa, G. (2012). Textbook of Anatomy & Physiology for Nurses. JP Medical Ltd.
- Chatterjee, C. C. (2020). Human Physiology. (13 th edition). CBS Publisher and Distributor Pvt. Ltd. Colorimetry
- Heilbrunn, L. V. (1952). General physiology. Saunders, Philadelphia.
- Hall, J. E. 1. (2016). Guyton and Hall textbook of medical physiology (13th edition.). Philadelphia, PA: Elsevie

Course Title: Basics Radiation Physics (Practical)

Course Code: BVMI106

L	T	P	Cr.
0	0	4	2

Total Hours 30

Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the successful learner will be able to:

- 1. Explain the nature of heat as a form of energy transfer resulting from temperature differences.
- 2. Define light as a form of electromagnetic radiation that is visible to the human eye.
- 3. Comprehend the fundamental properties of ionizing radiation, including the differences between alpha, beta, gamma, and X-ray radiation.
- 4. Explain that electromagnetic radiation consists of oscillating electric and magnetic fields that propagate through space.

Course Contents

Practical/Clinical posting

30 Hours

- 1. X-ray tubes general features and mobile equipments.
- 2. Care and maintenance of X-ray equipments and image intensifier
- 3. To study effects of Kilo Voltage Peak (kVp) and Milli Ampere Second (mAs)
- 4. To check the safety of dark room.
- 5. To check the speed of intensifying screen.
- 6. To check the developing time test and function.
- 7. Silver recovery method

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer Answer

- K.Thalayan, Basic of Radiological Physics
- K.Thalayan, Textbook of Radiological Safety
- Rehani, Advance Medical Physics

^{*} Latest editions of all the suggested books are recommended

Total Hours 30

Course Learning Outcomes: On completion of this course, the successful students

will be able to:

- 1. Developing presentation skills involves organizing content, using visual aids
- effectively, maintaining audience engagement, and delivering information confidently and persuasively.
- 2. Critical thinking involves analyzing information, evaluating arguments, and
- presenting logical and well-supported ideas.
- 3. Speak fluently and clearly is crucial for effective communication. This includes
- using appropriate vocabulary, grammar, pronunciation, and intonation to convey messages accurately.
- 4. Involve paying attention, asking clarifying questions, and demonstrating understanding through appropriate responses.

UNIT-I 10 Hours

Basics of Grammar- Part I Vocabulary, Synonyms, Antonyms, Prefix and Suffix,

Homonyms, Analogies and Portmanteau words. Basics of Grammar – Part II Active, Passive, Direct and Indirect speech, Prepositions, Conjunctions and Euphemisms.

UNIT-II 05 Hours

Writing Skills, Letter writing, E mail, and Essay, Articles, and Memos, one word substitutes, note making and Comprehension.

UNIT-III 10 Hours

Communication: Introduction: Communication process, Elements of communication,

Barriers of communication and how to overcome them, Nuances for communicating

with patients and their attenders in hospitals.

UNIT-IV 05
Hours

Non Verbal Communication: Basics of non-verbal communication, Rapport building

skills using neuro-linguistic programming (NLP).

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question

- The Elements of Style" by William Strunk Jr. and E.B. White
- How to Win Friends and Influence People" by Dale Carnegie
- Crucial Conversations: Tools for Talking When Stakes Are High" by Kerry
 - Patterson, Joseph Grenny, Ron McMillan, and Al Switzler
 - On Writing Well" by William Zinsser

Course Title: Human Rights and Duties

Course Code: BVMI108

L	T	P	Cr.
3	0	0	3

Total Hours 45

Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able:

- 1. To understand the concept of human rights and their historical development.
- 2. To examine the philosophical and ethical foundations of human rights and duties.
- 3. To analyze international legal frameworks and mechanisms for the protection of human rights.
- 4. To explore contemporary issues and challenges in the field of human rights.

Course Contents

UNIT-I 15 Hours

Introduction to Human Rights, Definition and historical evolution of human rights, Universal Declaration of Human Rights (UDHR) and its significance, Cultural relativism vs. universalism in human rights discourse, Theories of natural law, social contract, and human dignity, Debates on the universality and cultural specificity of human rights, Relationship between rights and moral duties.

UNIT-II 10 Hours

□ International human rights law: treaties, conventions, and customary law, Regional human rights systems (e.g., European Convention on Human Rights, African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights), National constitutions and domestic protection of human rights, Right to life, liberty, and security, Freedom of expression, assembly, and association, Right to a fair trial and due process.

UNIT-III 10 Hours

□ Right to education, healthcare, and social security, Right to work, just and favorable conditions of work, and adequate standard of living, Challenges in realizing economic and social rights, Rights of indigenous peoples, Rights of minorities and marginalized groups, Intersectionality and multiple forms of discrimination.

UNIT-IV 10 Hours

☐ Human rights violations in armed conflicts and humanitarian crises, Gender equality and women's rights, Rights of refugees, migrants, and stateless persons, Strategies for promoting and defending human rights, Role of civil society organizations, NGOs, and grassroots movements, Ethical dilemmas and challenges in human rights advocacy

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question

- "The Idea of Human Rights" by Charles R. Beitz
- "Just and Unjust Wars" by Michael Walzer
- "The Ethics of Authenticity" by Charles Taylor
- "Global Justice: A Cosmopolitan Account" by Gillian Brock

Course Title: Biomedical waste Management

Course Code: BVMI109

L	T	P	Cr.
3	0	0	3

Total Hours 45

Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Comprehend the fundamental properties of ionizing radiation, including the differences between alpha, beta, gamma, and X-ray radiation.
- 2. Explain the units and measurements used in radiation physics, including concepts like exposure, absorbed dose, dose equivalent, and activity.
- 3. Explore various waste management methods, including segregation, storage, transportation, treatment, and disposal.
- 4. Gain proficiency in the use of various radiation detection instruments and techniques, such as Geiger-Muller counters, scintillation detectors, and dosimeters.

Course Contents

UNIT-I 10 Hours

Introduction to Biomedical Waste Management Definition and classification of biomedical waste Historical overview and importance of biomedical waste management Legal and regulatory framework Types and Sources of Biomedical Waste Classification of biomedical waste based on infectious, hazardous, and general waste.

UNIT-II 10 Hours

Health Hazards and Risks Potential and hazards associated with improper biomedical waste management, Infection control and prevention measures Waste Segregation and Collection Segregation guidelines and color coding Collection methods and container types

UNIT-III 15 Hours

Waste Disposal and Environmental Impact Landfilling, landfill requirements, and considerations Environmental consequences of improper waste disposal Waste-to-energy and recycling options Storage and Transportation Storage requirements and guidelines Transportation regulations and safety measures Treatment Technologies Overview of treatment methods: autoclaving, incineration, chemical disinfection, etc. Emerging technologies and advancements in waste treatment

UNIT-IV 10 Hours

Waste Management Planning and Implementation Developing waste management plans for healthcare facilities Staff training and awareness programs monitoring and auditing waste management practices, Biomedical Waste Management Rules 2016.

Bhattacharya, S., Biswas, S., Das, D., & Nair, P. (2019). Biomedical waste management in India: Critical appraisal. Journal of International Environmental Application & Science, 14(2), 91-97.

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer

- Prüss-Üstün, A., &Rapiti, E. (2008). Safe management of wastes from health-care activities. World Health Organization.
- Srivastava, A., & Kaushal, R. K. (2020). Biomedical waste management during COVID-19 pandemic: A review. Environmental Sustainability and Resource Management, 2(1), 53-61.
 - Rao, P. V., & Patnaik, S. K. (2016). Biomedical waste management: An exploratory study. International Journal of Environmental Science and Technology, 13(7), 1607-161

Course Title: Introduction to Quality & Patient Safety

Course Code: BVMI110

L	T	P	Cr.
3	0	0	3

Total Hours 45

Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- Implement the quality improvement approaches, NABH, NABL, JCI guid elines.
- Rescue the patients by the basic life support skills which can save many lives in urgent cases
 Apply proper disposals of biomedical waste, reducing risk of infection to waste handling personnel
- Control cross infection which can occur due to improper handling ofinfe cted waste polluting surroundings too.
- Focus on the quality measures and proper handling of disposals providing quality facility to patients.

Course Contents

UNIT-I 15 Hours

Quality Assurance and

Management Introduction, Quality improvement approaches, standards a nd norms, quality improvement tools, introduction to NABH guidelines. Bas ic of Emergency Care and Life Support Skills Basic life support (BLS) following cardiac arrest, recognition of sudden cardiac arrest and activation of emergency response system, early cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) and rapid defibrillation with an automated external defibrillator (AED)

UNIT-II 10 Hours

Basic Emergency Care First aid, choking, rescue breathing methods, ventilation including use of bag valve master (BVMs)

UNIT-III 10 Hours

Biomedical Waste Management Definition, waste minimization, BMW-segregation, collection, transportation, treatment and disposal (Including color coding), Liquid BMW, Radioactive waste, metals/chemicals/drug waste, BMW management and methods of disinfection, use of Personal protective equipment (PPE)

UNIT-IV 10 Hours

Infection Prevention and Control Sterilization, Disinfection, Effective hand hygiene, use of PPE, Prevention and control of common health care associated infections, Guidelines (NABH) and JCI for hospital infection control.

Disaster preparedness and management Fundamentals of emergency management

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer

Suggested readings

SchrieferJ.&Leonard, M.S.(2012). Patient safety and quality improvement: an overview of QI. Pediatrics in review,

· Yamin, T. (2013). Chemical & Biological

Weapons: Positions, Prospects and Trends. Policy Perspectives,

Datta, P., Mohi, G., & Chander, J. (2018). Biomedical waste management in India: Critical appraisal. Journal of laoratory physicians,

Semester 2nd

Course Title: Radiation Physics & Radiation Protection

Course Code: BRI211

L	T	P	Cr.
4	0	0	4

Total Hours 60

Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Explain the units and measurements used in radiation physics, including exposure, absorbed dose, dose equivalent, and activity, and their significance in radiological protection.
- 2. Describe the interactions of ionizing radiation with matter, including the photoelectric effect, Compton scattering, and pair production, and how these interactions affect radiation dose.
- 3. Identify and categorize sources of ionizing radiation, both natural (e.g., background radiation) and artificial (e.g., medical X-ray machines, radioactive isotopes).
- 4. Familiarize with international and national radiation safety standards, guidelines, and regulations governing the use of ionizing radiation.

Course Content

UNIT-II 15 Hours

Interaction of ionizing radiation with matter, Types of interactions of X- and gamma radiation, Photoelectric & Compton, Bremsstrahlung, pair production, annihilation radiation, X-Ray production and properties: Characteristics X-Rays, factors affecting X-Ray emission spectra, X-Ray quality and quantity, HVL measurements, heel effect, soft and hard X-Rays, added and inherent filtration, reflection and transmission targets.

UNIT-II 15 Hours

X-Ray tube: historical aspects, construction of X-Ray tubes, requirements for X-Ray production (electron source, target and anode material), tube voltage, current, space charge, early X-Ray tubes (Coolidge tubes, tube envelop and housing) cathode assembly, X-Ray production efficiency, advances in X-Ray tubes, anode angulation and rotating tubes. Common factors affecting thermionic emission, specialized types (metallic, biangular, fluoro, CT) grid

controlled and high-speed tubes, focal spot size, speed of anode rotation, target angle, inherent filtration, radiation leakage and scattered radiation).

UNIT-III 15 Hours

Biological effects of radiation Ionization, excitation and free radical formation, hydrolysis of water, action of radiation on cell, DNA, RNA, chromosome, tissue and organ radio sensitivity, cytoplasm, cellular membranes, effects of whole body and acute irradiation, dose fractionation, effects of ionizing radiation on each of major organ system including foetus stochastic and non-stochastic effects, mean and lethal dose.

UNIT-IV 15 Hours

X-Ray film and Image processing: Composition of single and double coated radiographic films, structure of emulsion, film characteristics (speed, base + fog, gamma, latitude); effect of grain size on film response to exposure, interpretation of characteristics curve. Latent image formation; process of film developing (composition of fixer, developer and other processing solution), common errors and faults while processing (densitometry), automatic processing (processing cycle), developer replenishment, silver recovery and economics. Image intensifiers and cassettes (structure and function).

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer

- K.Thalayan, Basic of Radiological Physics
- K.Thalayan, Textbook of Radiological Safety
- Rehani, Advance Medical Physics
- * Latest editions of all the suggested books are recommended

Course Title: Basic Radiographic Technique

& Procedure

Course Code: BRI212

L	T	P	Cr.
4	0	0	4

Total Hours 60

Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Implement appropriate radiation protection measures, including the use of lead aprons, thyroid shields, and other protective equipment, during radiographic procedures.
- 2. Correctly select appropriate projection/projections to demonstrate the area of interest.
- 3. Use appropriate radiographic parameters to produce a radiograph with satisfactory results.
- 4. Competently use radiographic/fluoroscopic equipment and associated accessories.

UNIT-I 15 Hours

Conventional – non-contrast radiography: Same topics as in Phase-I but additional views: Upper extremity – lower extremity (including pelvis) – Chest (including thoracic cage) – spine - skull – facial bones – mandible, TMJ, mastoid etc. - abdomen – soft tissue radiography – dental - paediatric - foreign body localization.

UNIT-II 15 Hours

Conventional contrast radiography: Urinary system imaging (IVU, MCU, RGU), Revision of anatomy and physiology, clinical indications and contraindications - patient preparation - contrast media used and dosage - physiological process by which urinary tract is outlined - film sequence (projection and timing), normal anatomy on films, additional techniques, radiation protection, care of patient during and after examination. Pathological conditions of urinary system: kidneys, ureter, urinary bladder, urethra.

UNIT-III 15 Hours

Gastrointestinal tract imaging: (Barium swallow, Barium meal upper GI, Barium meal follow through, Barium enema, small, bowel enema, distal colography, defaecography). Revision of anatomy and physiology - clinical indications and contraindications - contrast media used: preparation and dosage - patient preparation - preparation of equipment - control of radiographic and fluoroscopic equipment.

UNIT-IV 15 Hours

Biliary system (PTC, ERCP, T-Tube cholangiography, pre-op. cholangiography)

Revision of anatomy and physiology – clinical indications and contraindications – contrast, media – patient preparation – film series – radiation protection – patient care – normal anatomy, Pathological conditions of biliary system, Hysterosalpingography (HSG): Revision of anatomy and physiology – clinical indications and contraindications – contrast injection-projections – radiation protection – patient care.

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer

- K.Thalayan, Basic of Radiological Physics
- K.Thalayan, Textbook of Radiological Safety and procedures.
- Rehani, Advance Medical Physics

Course Title: Environmental Science

Course Code: BRI222

L	T	P	Cr.
2	0	0	2

Total Hours: 30

Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Discuss about natural resources and associated problems, use and over exploitation.
- 2. Demonstrate the causes, effects and control measures of air pollution, water pollution, soil pollution, marine pollution, noise pollution.
- 3. Provide knowledge about the concept of ecosystem, structure, interrelationship of producers, consumers and decomposers,
- 4. Describe the issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation Public awareness

UNIT-I 10 Hours

Introduction: Definition and scope and importance of multidisciplinary nature of environment. Need for public awareness. Natural Resources - Natural Resources and associated problems, use and over exploitation, case studies of forest resources and water resources.

UNIT-II 10 Hours

Ecosystems: Concept of Ecosystem, Structure, interrelationship, producers, consumers and decomposers, ecological pyramids-biodiversity and importance. Hotspots of biodiversity.

Environmental Pollution: Definition, Causes, effects and control measures of air pollution, Water pollution, Soil pollution, Marine pollution, Noise pollution, Thermal pollution, nuclear hazards

UNIT-III 05 Hours

Solid waste management: Causes, effects and control measure of urban and industrial wastes. Role of an individual in prevention of pollution. Pollution case studies, Disaster management: Floods, earthquake, cyclone and landslides. Case studies, Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions. Climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion,. Environment Protection Act, Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act. Water (Prevention and control of pollution) Act. Wildlife Protection Act, Forest Conservation Act.

B.VOC MIT 24-25

UNIT-IV 05 Hours

Human Population and the Environment, Population growth, variation among nations. Population explosion–Family Welfare Programme. Environment and human health, Human Rights, Value Education, HIV/AIDS. Women and child Welfare, Role of Information Technology in Environment and human health. Case studies. Understanding the Hospital Environment, Infectious material, Toxic Chemicals, Radioactive Material, Other miscellaneous waste

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer

- Vincent, C. (2011). Patient safety. John Wiley & Sons.
- Hall, L. M. (Ed.). (2005). Quality work environments for nurse and patient safety. Jones & Bartlett Learning.
- Sandars, J., & Cook, G. (Eds.). (2009). ABC of patient safety (Vol. 72). John Wiley & Sons.
- Carayon, P. (2006). Handbook of human factors and ergonomics in health care and patient safety. CRC press.

Course Title: Basic Radiographic Technique & Procedure

(Practical)

Course Code: BRI214

re	L	T	P	Cr.
	0	0	4	2

Total Hours 30

Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Implement appropriate radiation protection measures, including the use of lead aprons, thyroid shields, and other protective equipment, during radiographic procedures.
- 2. Correctly select appropriate projection/projections to demonstrate the area of interest.
- 3. Use appropriate radiographic parameters to produce a radiograph with satisfactory results.
- 4. Competently use radiographic/fluoroscopic equipment and associated accessories.

Course Contents

Practical/Clinical posting

30 Hours

- 1. Radiography in various positions for all the special radiological procedures, using contrast media as per syllabus.
- 2. Positioning and treatment of various cases patients by using:
 - a) Prescribed filters and wedges
 - b) Protection of various organs

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer

- K.Thalayan, Basic of Radiological Physics
- K.Thalayan, Textbook of Radiological Safety and procedures.
- Rehani, Advance Medical Physics

Course Title: Radiation Physics and Radiation

Protection (practical) Course Code: BRI216

L	T	P	Cr.
0	0	4	2

Total Hours 30

Learning Outcomes: After Completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 5. Optimize and manage radiation doses for diagnostic and therapeutic procedures, considering patient-specific factors and clinical indications.
- 6. Manage radiation monitoring programs, including personnel dosimetry, patient dose tracking, and monitoring of radiation levels in radiology departments.
- 7. Oversee the maintenance, repair, and replacement of radiology equipment, ensuring compliance with safety and regulatory standards.
- 8. Promote and foster a culture of radiation safety among staff, emphasizing their responsibilities in maintaining a safe work environment.

Course Content

Practical/Clinical posting

30 Hours

- 1. Radiography in various positions for all the special radiological procedures, using contrast media as per syllabus.
- 2. Positioning and treatment of various cases patients by using:
 - a) Prescribed filters and wedges
 - b) Protection of various organs

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer

Suggested Readings

- Clark, Radiographic Positioning and Special Procedure
- Chapman, Radiological Procedure
- Krishnamurthy, Medical Radiographic Technique & Darkroom Practice
 - * Latest editions of all the suggested books are recommended.

Course Title: First Aid

Course Code: BRI220

L	T	P	Cr.
2	0	0	2

Total Hours 45

to:

- 1. Provide appropriate first Aid for minor injuries including small cuts, grazes, bruises etc.
- 2. Assess situations and circumstances in order to provide First Aid safely, promptly and effectively in a range of emergencies.
- 3. Manage organizations, records related to patients and departmental statistics.
- 4 Administer First Aid to an adult who is choking.

Course Contents

UNIT-I 10 Hours

Introduction to First Aid Definition and importance of first aid, Role and responsibilities of a first aider, Legal and ethical considerations, Basic Life Support (BLS).

UNIT-II 05 Hours

- Primary survey (DRABC)
 - Danger
 - Response
 - Airway
 - Breathing
 - Circulation
- Secondary survey
- Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation (CPR)
 - Adults
 - Children
 - Infants

UNIT-III 10 Hours

Medical Conditions

- Heart attack
 - Signs and symptoms
 - First aid response
- Stroke
 - Recognition (FAST method)
 - Immediate actions
- Diabetes
 - Hypoglycemia
 - Hyperglycemia
 - First aid response

UNIT-IV 10 Hours

Managing Common Medical Emergencies

Choking

- Adult
- Child
- Infant

· Bleeding and wound care

- Types of bleeding (arterial, venous, capillary)
- Control methods (pressure, elevation, bandaging)

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer

- Alton, J., & Alton, A. (2016). The Survival Medicine Handbook: A Guide for When Help is Not on the Way. Doom and Bloom..
- American Heart Association. (2020). Basic Life Support (BLS) Provider Manual. American Heart Association.
- American Red Cross. (2016). First Aid/CPR/AED Participant's Manual. American Red Cross.

Course Title: Health Education and Health Communication

Course Code: BRI217

L	T	P	Cr.
3	0	0	3

Total Hours 45

Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate the importance of health education and health communication in promoting individual and community health.
- 2. Identify key theories and models related to health behavior change.
- 3. Explore different communication strategies and techniques used in health education.
- 4. Develop skills in designing and implementing health education programs.

Course Contents

UNIT-I 10 Hours

Introduction to Health Education and Health Communication, Importance and goals of health education, Role of health communication in behaviour change, Historical perspectives on health education and communication

UNIT-II 10 Hours

Theories and Models of Health Behavior Change Social cognitive theory, Transtheoretical model, Health belief model, Ecological model, Effective Communication Strategies, Principles of effective communication

UNIT-III 10 Hours

Designing Health Education Programs, Assessing needs and setting objectives, Developing educational materials, Planning and implementing health education programs, Evaluating program effectiveness, Verbal and non-verbal communication, Health literacy and plain language, Cultural competence in communication

UNIT-IV 15 Hours

Media and Technology in Health Communication, Role of media in health communication, Social media and online platforms, Health campaigns and mass media interventions, Ethical considerations in media use, Ethical and Cultural Considerations in Health Education, Ethical guidelines and principles, Informed consent and confidentiality, Health communication with vulnerable populations, Evaluation of Health Education and Communication Interventions.

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer

- Bandura, A. (2004). Health promotion by social cognitive means. Health Education & Behavior, 31(2), 143-164.
- Brashers, D. E., Haas, S. M., & Neidig, J. L. (2014). Health communication and the social networks of older adults: Implications for health and aging. In R. N. Bostrom & B. H. Westley (Eds.), Communication and aging (pp. 193-222). Routledge.
- Freimuth, V. S., Quinn, S. C., Thomas, S. B., Cole, G., Zook, E., & Duncan, T. (2001). African Americans' views on research and the Tuskegee Syphilis Study. Social Science & Medicine, 52(5), 797-808.
- Kreps, G. L., & Sparks, L. (2008). Meeting the health literacy needs of immigrant populations. Patient Education and Counseling, 71(3), 328-332

Course Title: Basic Fundamental of Computers

Course Code: BRI223

L	T	P	Cr.
3	0	0	3

Total Hours 45

Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. The students will be able to appreciate the role of computer technology.
- 2. The course has focus on computer organization, computer operating system and software, MS windows, Word processing, Excel data worksheet and PowerPoint presentation
- 3. MS windows, Word processing, Excel data worksheet and PowerPoint presentation
- 4. the students will be able to make power point presentations.

Course Contents

UNIT-I 15 Hours

Introduction to Computer:

Introduction, characteristics of computer, block diagram of computer, generations of computer, computer languages.

Input output Devices: Input devices(keyboard, point and draw devices, data scanning devices, digitizer, electronic card reader, voice recognition devices, vision-input devices), output devices(monitors, pointers, plotters, screen image projector, voice response systems).

UNIT-II 10 Hours

Processor and Memory: The Central Processing Unit (CPU), main memory. Introduction of windows: History, features, desktop, taskbar, icons on the desktop, operation with folder, creating shortcuts, operation with windows (opening, closing, moving, resizing, minimizing and maximizing, etc.).

UNIT-III 10 Hours

Introduction to MS-Word: Introduction, components of a word window, creating, opening and inserting files, editing a document file, page setting and formatting the text, saving the document, spell checking, printing the document file, creating and editing of table, mail merge

Introduction to Excel: Introduction, about worksheet, entering information, saving workbooks and formatting, printing the worksheet, creating graphs

UNIT-IV 10 Hours

Introduction to power-point: Introduction, creating and manipulating presentation, views, formatting and enhancing text, slide with graphs.

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer

- Norton, P. (2006). Introduction to Computers. McGraw-Hill Education.
- Lotia, M., & Nair, P. (2006). Computer Peripherals and Interfaces. BPB Publications.
- Patterson, D. A., & Hennessy, J. L. (2013). Computer Organization and Design: The Hardware/Software Interface. Morgan Kaufmann.
- Lowe, D. (2018). PowerPoint 2019 For Dummies. For Dummies
- Pogue, D. (2015). Windows 10: The Missing Manual. O'Reilly Media.

Course Title: Radiation Protection & Management

Radiology Department Course Code: BRI224

of	L	T	P	Cr.
	3	0	0	3

Total Hours: 45

Learning Outcomes: After Completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 2. Optimize and manage radiation doses for diagnostic and therapeutic procedures, considering patient-specific factors and clinical indications.
- 3. Manage radiation monitoring programs, including personnel dosimetry, patient dose tracking, and monitoring of radiation levels in radiology departments.
- 4. Oversee the maintenance, repair, and replacement of radiology equipment, ensuring compliance with safety and regulatory standards.
- 5. Promote and foster a culture of radiation safety among staff, emphasizing their responsibilities in maintaining a safe work environment.

Course Contents

UNIT-I 10 Hours

Introduction to Radiation Protection, Units & Quantities, Primary, secondary radiation, need for radiation protection, Exposure, Absorbed dose, equivalent, Effective dose, air KERMA.

UNIT-II 15 Hours

Aim & Principle of Radiation Protection: Concept of ALARA, Cardinal Principle, ICRP regulation, Radiation Protection in: Radiography, CT, Fluoroscopy, Mammography, Ward radiography, radiation shielding, Personnel – Film badge, TLD, OSLD, pocket dosimeter, Area monitoring Devices.

UNIT-III 10 Hours

Radiobiology: Radiolysis of water, Direct & Indirect effects of radiation, Stochastic, Deterministic effects, Somatic, Genetic effects.

UNIT-IV 10 Hours

Radiation Regulation & Planning of Radiology Department,

x-ray room lay out, dark room lay out, CT lay out and Fluoroscopy lay out.

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer

- Christensen, Physics of Diagnostic radiology Euclid Serum, Radiation Protection Thalayin K., Text book of Radiological Safety.
- James E. M., The Physics for Radiation Protection, ICRP manual.

Course Title: Medical Ethics

Course Code: BRI225

L	T	P	Cr.
3	0	0	3

Total Hours 45

Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- Familiarize with local, national, and international regulations, guidelines, and standards related to biomedical waste management, including compliance with waste disposal laws.
- Learn the principles of effective waste segregation, including the proper sorting of biomedical waste into different categories based on its source, type, and risk level.
- Develop skills in safely handling, packaging, and labeling biomedical waste to minimize exposure risks for healthcare workers, waste handlers, and the community.
- 4 Be prepared to respond to emergency situations involving biomedical waste spills, accidents, and contamination incidents.

Course Contents

UNIT-I 10 Hours

Introduction to Medical Ethics: Definition and scope of medical ethics, Importance of ethical principles in healthcare, Historical development of medical ethics, Ethical Theories and Principles: Utilitarianism, Deontology, And Virtue ethics, Autonomy, Beneficence, Non-maleficence and Justice.

UNIT-II 10 Hours

Role of medical laboratory Technician, Definition and Interaction with the patients and health care professionals, Ethical, Moral, and Legal Responsibilities, Patient safety and quality, restrain policies and role of health professionals, Biomedical waste Management, medical records and reports.

UNIT-III 15 Hours

Medical terminology- The course employs a body systems-oriented, word-analysis approach to learning medical terminology. Confidentiality and Privacy: Importance of patient confidentiality, Legal and ethical aspects of patient privacy, Ethical dilemmas related to confidentiality and privacy

UNIT-IV 10 Hours

The goal of the class is to prepare students for the terminology they might encounter in their subsequent coursework, in their clinical rotations and ultimately in their roles as health care professionals.

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer

- Pozgar, G. D. (2012). Legal aspects of health care administration. Sudbury, Mass: Jones & Bartlett Learning
- Morrison, E. E., & Furlong, E. (2014). Health care ethics: Critical issues for the 21st century. Burlington, MA: Jones & Bartlett Learning.
- Kliegman, R., Stanton, B., St. Geme, J. W., Schor, N. F., & Behrman, R. E. (2016). Nelson textbook of pediatrics (Edition 20.). Phialdelphia, PA: Elsevier.

Semester 3rd

Course Title: :Clinical radiography positioning - I

Course Code: BRI301

L	T	P	Cr.
4	0	0	4

Total Hours 60

Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Apply the basic patient positioning during Radiographic investigation.
- 2. Become acquainted with special positioning skills for different pathological and physical conditions.
- 3. Choose proper position during radiography.
- 4. Demonstrate supplementary techniques such as in Congenital dislocation of hips, Epiphysis of femur.

Course Contents

UNIT-I 15 Hours

Body planes and movements.

Thorax: Chest PA, Chest AP, Chest lateral, Right anterior-oblique, Left anterior-oblique, Apical lordotic, Pulmonary vertex, Breast bone PA, Breast bone lateral, Ribs AP, Ribs PA, Thoracic spine AP.

UNIT-II 15 Hours

Upper Limb: Technique for hand, hand PA, hand AP, hand lateral, hand oblique, NORGAARD view, scaphoid, wrist PA, Wrist lateral, forearm AP, Forearm lateral, Elbow AP, Elbow lateral, Oblique elbow, Humerus AP, Humerus lateral, Shoulder AP, Shoulder transthoracic, Shoulder axial, shoulder Y, Scapula AP, scapula lateralk, clavicle axial, acromioclavicular joint, finger AP.

UNIT-III 15 Hours

Lower limb: Foot AP, Foot lateral, Foot oblique, Calcaneus lateral, calcaneus axial, ankle AP, Ankle lateral, mortise view, leg AP, leg lateral, skyline view, Patella PA, Patella axial, Knee AP, Knee lateral, weight bearing, knee oblique, intercondylar fossa, femur AP, femur lateral.

UNIT-IV 15 Hours

Vertebral Column: cervical spine ap, cervical spine lateral, cervical spine oblique, cervical spine flexian and extention, cervical spine left right, ottonelo method, odontoid prosess AP, Thoracic spine AP, Thoracic spine LATERAL, Lumber spine ap, Lumber spine lateral, Lumber spine oblique, Lumber spine flexian and extention, Lumber spine left and right, fergusson technique (L5-S1), Sacrum AP, Sacrum lateral, sacroiliac joint, coccyx AP, coccyx lateral.

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer

- □ Whitley, A. S., Jefferson, G., Holmes, K., Sloane, C., Anderson, C., &Hoadley, G. (2015). Clark's Positioning in Radiography 13E. crc Press.
- □ Ballinger, P. W., & Frank, E. D. (1999). Merrill's atlas of radiographic positions and radiologic procedures. Vol. 3. Mosby.
- □ Holm, T., Palmer, P. E., Lehtinen, E., & World Health Organization. (1986). Manual of radiographic technique. World Health Organization.
- □ Paul, T. R. (2012). Radiologic Technology at a Glance . Cengage Learning.
- □ Bryan, G. J. (1970). Diagnostic radiography: A manual for radiologic technologists. Williams and Wilkins Company.

Course Title: : Modern Radiological & Imaging

Equipment Including Physics

Course Code: BRI302

L	Т	P	Cr.
4	0	0	4

Total Hours 60

Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course the learner will be able to:

- 1. Identify medical radiation related instrumentation and apply techniques associated with diagnostic imaging and radiation oncology.
- 2. Describe Mammographic Equipment.
- 3. Discuss Vascular Imaging Equipment & its historical developments.
- 4. Demonstrate Basics in Computed, Digital Radiography and Computed Tomography.

Course Contents

UNIT-I 15 Hours

Mammography, History of mammography, Mammography equipment, Mammography radiation dose and exposure Dedicated mammography unit and its special features, Types of mammography Routine Mammographic Positioning & Views with additional views and technical considerations, Wire localization in mammography.

UNIT-II 15 Hours

Special Equipment: Portable and mobile x-ray units, dental x-ray machine, skull table Generator, x-ray tubes; Accessories; Resolution; Quality control; Application and role in medicine. , digital radiographic equipment, digital subtraction techniques. Tomography: Body section radiography, basic principle and equipment, multi section tomography, various types of tomographic movements, Dual energy x-ray absorptiometry (DEXA), stats can.

UNIT-III 15 Hours

Computed Radiography: Its Principle, Physics & Equipment. Digital Radiography. Flat Panel Digital Fluoroscopy and Radiography System, Direct and Indirect Digital Radiography and Fluoroscopy Systems. Digital Radiography and Computed Radiography Its Advantages, Disadvantages and Applications.

UNIT-IV 15 Hours

Vascular Imaging Equipment: Introduction, historical developments Principle, scanned projection radiography Digital subtraction angiography, applications and definition of terms

.Picture archiving and communication system (PACS)

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer

Stanton, L. (1969). BA	SIC MEDICAL I	RADIATION PHYSICS	5.
Fundamental of X-ray			
Debnath, J. (2016). T	extbook of radi	iology for residents (and technicians.
Astrocyte, 2(4), 221-2.	21.		
Curry, T. S., Dowdey,	J. E., &Murry,	R. C. (1990). Christ	tensen's physics
of diagnostic radiology	y. Lippincott Wi	lliams & Wilkins.	
Allisy-Roberts, P. J.,	& Williams, J.	(2007). Farr's phy	sics for medical
imaging.	Elsevier	Health	Sciences.

Course Title: Clinical Radiography Positioning-

I(Practical)

Course Code: BRI308

L	T	P	Cr.
0	0	4	2

Total Hours: 30

Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Determine appropriate patient interaction and preparation for all Radiographic examinations and procedures
- 2. Critique Radiographs for applicable anatomy, proper position and correct exposure index
- 3. Formulate appropriate technical factors for Radiographic procedures.
- 4. Explain the required breathing instructions, patient position, usable surface landmarks and suitable radiation protection during Radiographic procedures

Practical/Clinical posting

30 Hours

- Objective1: Understand and perform various chest imaging views.
- Objective2: Practice hand imaging in different orientations.
- Objective3: Conduct imaging of the elbow and forearm in various orientations
- Objective4: Perform different imaging techniques for the shoulder and scapula.
- Objective5: Explore imaging techniques for the foot and ankle.
- Objective6: Practice imaging techniques for the knee and patella, including weight-bearing views.
- Objective7: Conduct imaging of the cervical and lumbar spine in various orientations.
- Objective8: Understand wrist imaging techniques, including specialized views for the scaphoid

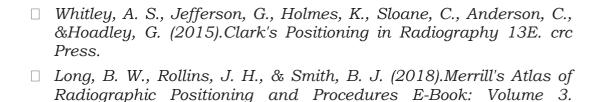
Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question

Answer

Suggested Readings

Elsevier Health Sciences.



□ Sutherland, R., & Thomson, C. (2007).Pocketbook of Radiographic Positioning E-Book. Elsevier Health Sciences.

Course Title: Modern Radiological & Imaging Equipment

Including Physics (Practical)

Course Code: BRI309

t	L	T	P	Cr.
	0	0	4	2

Total Hours: 30

Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Identify medical radiation related instrumentation and apply techniques associated with diagnostic imaging and radiation oncology.
- 2. Describe Mammographic Equipment.
- 3. Discuss Vascular Imaging Equipment & its historical developments.
- 4. Demonstrate Basics in Computed, Digital Radiography and Computed Tomography.

Course Content

Practical/Clinical posting

30 Hours

- 1. X-Ray tubes and accessories, general features.
- 2. Portable X-Ray Equipment.
- 3. Image intensifier, its features, spot film.
- 4. Analyze the production of x-rays and various characteristics. Analyze the production of x-rays and various characteristics on protection devices
- 5. Effects of kV and mAS.
- 6. Maintenance of X-ray equipment and accessories.
- 7. Mammography X-Ray tube
- 8. Dental X-Ray unit.

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer

Suggested Readings

• Stanton, L. (1969). BASIC MEDICAL RADIATION PHYSICS.

- Seeram, E. (2019). Digital Radiography: Physical Principles and Quality Control. Springer.
- Debnath, J. (2016). Textbook of radiology for residents and technicians. Astrocyte, 2(4), 221-221.
- Curry, T. S., Dowdey, J. E., &Murry, R. C. (1990). Christensen's physics of diagnostic radiology. Lippincott Williams & Wilkins.
- Allisy-Roberts, P. J., & Williams, J. (2007). Farr's physics for medical imaging. Elsevier Health Sciences.

Course Title: Medical Terminology and Record Keeping

Course Code: BRI317

L	T	P	Cr.
3	0	0	3

Total Hours: 45

Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Students will demonstrate the ability to maintain accurate, detailed, and up-to-date patient records, ensuring compliance with legal and regulatory standards.
- 2. Students will be able to apply legal and ethical guidelines in their record-keeping practices, ensuring patient privacy and data security..
- 3. Students will be able to effectively document patient information, including medical histories, diagnoses, treatment plans, and follow-up care, facilitating seamless communication and continuity of care among healthcare providers.

Course Contents

UNIT I 15 Hours

Derivation of medical terms, Define word roots, prefixes, and suffixes, Conventions for combined morphemes and the formation of plurals, Basic medical terms, Form medical terms utilizing roots, suffixes, prefixes, and combining roots.

UNIT II 10 Hours

Interpret basic medical abbreviations/symbols, Utilize diagnostic, surgical, and procedural terms and abbreviations related to the integumentary system, musculoskeletal system, respiratory system, cardiovascular system, nervous system, and endocrine system.

UNIT III 10 Hours

Medical Record Keeping Basics, Introduction to medical record keeping, Components of a medical record, Documentation standards and best practices, Legal and Ethical Aspects of Medical Record Keeping, HIPAA regulations and patient confidentiality, Legal requirements for medical record documentation, Ethical considerations in record keeping

UNIT IV 10 Hours

EMR (Electronic medical records).

- HIS (Hospital information system).
- RIS (radiology information system).
- Case studies in medical record documentation

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer

- "Medical Terminology: A Short Course" by Davi-Ellen Chabner
- "The Language of Medicine" by Davi-Ellen Chabner
- "Medical Terminology for Health Professions" by Ann Ehrlich and Carol L. Schroeder
- "Medical Records and the Law" by William H. Roach Jr. and James E. Carbone.

Course Title Disaster Management

Course Code: BRI313

L	T	P	Cr.
3	0	0	3

Total Hours: 45

Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 3. Describe the concepts and point out the main aspects of emergencies, emergencies and catastrophes
- 4. Determine the fundamentals of urgent and emergency health care
- 5. Apply clinical and non-clinical skills in emergency and disaster medicine
- 6. Provide Knowledge about the importance of medical records in the emergency department and understand the most relevant legal and ethical aspects of health care in Emergencies

Course Contents

UNIT-I 15 Hours

Definitions and Concepts, Comprehensive study of Health Emergencies, Bioethics in Accidents, Emergencies and Disasters, Communication Skills in Emergencies, Patient Safety, Biosafety dangerous materials, Management of waste products, New professional skills in Accidents & Emergency Care.

UNIT-II 10 Hours

Team work Communication & Leadership, Personal & Professional Digital Skills, New Technologies in accident & Emergency Care, CBRN incidents, CBRN risks, Handling of an CBRN incidents

UNIT-III 10 Hours

Organization of emergency medical systems, Coordination and Health regulation, Information and Record systems, Types of medical transport

UNIT-IV 10 Hours

General Concepts Security, Scene, Situation, IMV management & Disasters Organization, Communication, Deployment & Logistics, Sectorization Triage

Health care, Evacuation

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer

- A.K. Srivastava Text book of disaster management
- Rajendra Kumar Bhandari "Disaster education and management

45

Course Title: Cardiac Imaging

Course Code: BRI316

L	T	P	Cr.
3	0	0	3

Total Hours:

Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Manage complex research Question Answers and challenge established knowledge and praxis within cardiac imaging research.
- 2. Describe, plan and conduct independent research using non-invasive cardiac imaging methods.
- 3. Analyze and discuss scientific critics on a high level.
- 4. Communicate technical expertise and experience through presentation of own research.

Course Contents

UNIT-I 10 Hours

Physiological aspects of cardiac imaging: Normal cardiac cycle Electrocardiography, Physiological anatomy of cardiac muscle, Mechanics of cardiac contraction, Physical basis for blood flow, pressure, and resistance.

UNIT-II 15 Hours

Anatomy of the heart and great vessels, Normal morphology and structure, Segmental anatomy of the heart, Normal adult heart measurement, Techniques for imaging the heart and great vessels: Radiograph, Computed tomography, Magnetic resonance imaging, Cardiac scintigraphy (including PET), Other (working understanding).

UNIT-III 10 Hours

Congenital heart disease: basic: Cyanotic versus acyanotic presentations Most common lesions, Post-operative assessment of the following procedures: Most common indications for cardiac MRI in the setting of congenital and acquired pediatric cardiovascular disease, E. Situs anomalies (asplenia and polysplenia), Unusual congenital heart disease: advanced.

UNIT-IV 10 Hours

Cardiomyopathy: Hypertrophic , Dilated , Restrictive (also infiltrative), Therapeutic and interventional options, Understand the measurements for dose – CTDI, CTDI 100, dose length product

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer

Suggested Readings

1. Skorton, D. J., Marcus, M. L., &Braunwald, E. (Eds.). (1996). *Marcus cardiac imaging: a companion to Braunwald's heart disease* (Vol. 2). Saunders. 2. Boxt, L., &Abbara, S. (2015). *Cardiac Imaging: The Requisites E-Book*. Elsevier Health Sciences.

Course Title: Health care and Nutrition

Course Code: BRI315

L	T	P	Cr.
2	0	0	2

Total Hours: 30

Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Achieve a basic understanding of the major components of the current & potential health care delivery systems.
- 2. Anticipate the interaction of health care providers and diverse patients/families with the various components of the health care systems.
- 3. Describe the theories/models of leadership & management most effective in the current & potential health care systems.
- 4. Describe the communication styles of the primary health care providers, e.g., administrators, financial officers, managers, doctors, nurses, patients from low, moderate & high socioeconomic status.

Course Contents

UNIT: I 05 Hours

Introduction to healthcare delivery system - Healthcare delivery system in India at primary, secondary and tertiary car; Community participation in healthcare delivery system; Health system in developed countries; Private / Govt Sector; National Health Mission; National Health Policy; Issues in Health Care Delivery System in India

UNIT: II 10 Hours

National Health Programme- Background objectives, action plan, targets, operations, achievements and constraints in various National Heath Programme. Introduction to AYUSH system of medicine - Introduction to Ayurveda; Yoga and Naturopathy; Unani; Siddha; Homeopathy; Need for integration of various system of medicine

UNIT: III 05 Hours

Health Scenario of India- past, present and future, Demography & Vital Statistics- Demography – its concept, Census & its impact on health policy

UNIT-IV 10 Hours

Epidemiology - Principles of Epidemiology; Natural History of disease; Methods of Epidemiological studies; Epidemiology of communicable & non-communicable diseases, disease, transmission, host defence immunizing agents, cold chain, immunization, disease, monitoring and surveillance.

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer

Suggested Readings

• Buchbinder, S. B., & Thompson, J. M. (2010). Career opportunities in health care management: Perspectives from the field. Jones & Bartlett Publishers.

• Franco, O. H., Peeters, A., Bonneux, L., & De Laet, C. (2005). Blood pressure in adulthood and life expectancy with cardiovascular disease in men and women: life course analysis. Hypertension, 46(2), 280-286.

Course Title: Medical Biochemistry

Course Code: BRI319

L	T	P	Cr.
2	0	0	2

Total Hours: 30

Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

UNIT-I 10 Hours

STRUCTURE & FUNCTION OF CELL: Structure& function of cell, Prokaryote& Eukaryote cell organization, Fluid Mosaic Model of cell membrane, Transport Mechanism, Acid Base Balance-maintenance, PH Buffers, Henderson – Hasselbalch equation and its applications

UNIT-II 05 Hours

composition and metabolism of carbohydrate: Types, structure, composition and function, Monosaccharides, Disaccharides Oligosaccharides, Polysaccharides.

UNIT-III 10 Hours

composition and metabolism of lipids: Types, Structure, Composition and function of fatty acids, Nomenclature, Roles and Prostaglandins, Triacylglycerol's, phospholipids, Cholesterol, Metabolism of fatty acid, Breakdown, Synthesis, Biosynthesis & its regulation, Bile salts & bilirubin, Enzymes & Co-enzymes, Classification& function

UNIT-IV 05 Hours

composition and function of amino acids and proteins-types, structure, composition and function of amino acid, Structural organization of proteins (basic understanding only), Classification and functions of proteins, Denaturation & Coagulation, Metabolism of Nitrogen, Fixation and Assimilation, Urea cycle

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer

- U. Satyanarayana, Text book for Biochemistry
- D.M Vasudevan, Text book for Biochemistry
- Illustrated Biochemistry by HARPER.
- Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry.
- Biochemistry by stryer
- Biochemistry by voet&voet

Semester 4th

Course Title: Clinical Radiography Positioning -II

Course Code: BRI401

L	T	P	Cr.		
4	0	0	4		
Satal IIaures 60					

Total Hours: 60

Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate obtaining the correct patient history, patient care, required breathing instructions, patient position, usable surface landmarks and anatomy demonstrated in each procedure.
- 2. Implement the use of appropriate radiation protection procedures including: collimation, time, distance and shielding
- 3. Explain the required breathing instructions, patient position, usable surface landmarks and suitable radiation protection during Radiographic procedures
- 4. Critique skull images for positioning, anatomy, centring, baselines and technical factors

Course Contents

UNIT-I 15 Hours

Radiography Technique consisting of the complete radiography of Skull and Radiography of cranial bones; including Skull AP, skull PA, skull lateral, skull lateral supine, Sella turcica PA, Sella turcica lateral, Paranasal sinuses, Temporal bone and Mastoids. Caldwell's view, schuller view, townes vies, waters view, orbits PA, nose lateral, temporomandibular joint.hirtz view.

UNIT-II 15 Hours

Abdomen: Preparation of patients. General abdominal radiography and positioning for fluid and air levels. Plain film examination. Radiography of female abdomen to look for pregnancy. Radiography in case of acute abdomen. Macro radiography: Principle, advantage, technique and applications. Stereography - Procedure - presentation, for viewing, stereoscopes, stereometry.

UNIT-III 15 Hours

Pelvis AP, pelvis inlet, outlet, pelvis judet (iliac and obturator), hip joint AP, Hip joint lateral, bilateral hips, von rosen, lateral femur neck, Soft tissue Radiography, Various techniques Ward /mobile radiography, radiation protection, equipment and instructions to be followed for portable/ward radiography, dental radiograppy.

B.VOC MIT 24-25

UNIT-IV 15 Hours

Operation Theatre Techniques: General precautions, Asepsis in techniques - Checking of mains supply and functions of equipment, selection of exposure factors, explosion risk, radiation protection. Trauma radiography/Emergency radiography. Neonatal and Pediatric Radiography, Tomography and Tomosynthesis Dual energy X-ray absorptiometry. Forensic Radiography

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer

Suggested Readings

□ Whitley, A. S., Jefferson, G., Holmes, K., Sloane, C., Anderson, C., &Hoadley, G. (2015).Clark's Positioning in Radiography 13E. crc Press.
 □ Bhagava, S. K. (2001). Text Book of Radiology for Residents and Technicians.CBS Publishers & Distributors.
 □ Singh, H. (2016). Textbook of Radiology Physics. JP Medical Ltd.
 □ Bushberg, J. T., & Boone, J. M. (2011).The essential physics of medical imaging.Lippincott
 Wilkins.

Course Title: Physics of Newer Imaging Modalities

Course Code: BRI402

L	T	P	Cr.
4	0	0	4

Total Hours: 60

Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Describe the various generations of Computed Tomography Scanners.
- 2. Define the CT imaging system, its components and their functions.
- 3. Discuss image quality as it relates to spatial resolution, contrast resolution, noise, linearity, and uniformity
- 4. Discuss advanced techniques within newer imaging modalities, such as diffusion-weighted imaging in MRI and time-of-flight imaging in PET.

Course Contents

UNIT-I 15 Hours

Basic principle of CT scan, history of CT scan, EMI, advantages and disadvantages, Equipment description, Scanning principle, Image acquisition, Image reconstruction, Image manipulation, Image display and documentation, Scanning parameters, Advantages and disadvantages.

UNIT-II 15 Hours

History of MRI, Magnetism, Basic Principle and hardware etc. Types of Contrast agents used in MRI. Physical and physiological basis of magnetic relaxation, Image contrast and noise. Spin Echo, Inversion Recovery, Gradient Echo

UNIT-III 15 Hours

Applications and Apparatus for Nuclear Medicine, Application, Function and instrumentation. Definition, Applications, Clinical uses, advantages & disadvantages of PET-CT. Definition, Applications, Clinical uses, advantages & disadvantages of PET-MRI.

UNIT-IV 15 Hours

Benefits vs. risk or PET-CT and PET-MRI., Characteristics and half-life of Radionuclide's commonly used Radionuclide's. Routine protocols Indication and contraindications of PET, Patient preparation technique in PET scan.

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer

Stanton, L. (1969). BASIC MEDICAL RADIATION PHYSICS.
Seeram, E. (2019). Digital Radiography: Physical Principles and Quality
Control. Springer.
Debnath, J. (2016). Textbook of radiology for residents and technicians. Astrocyte, 2(4), 221-221.
Curry, T. S., Dowdey, J. E., &Murry, R. C. (1990). Christensen's physics of diagnostic radiology.Lippincott Williams & Wilkins.
Allisy-Roberts, P. J., & Williams, J. (2007). Farr's physics for medical imagina. Elsevier Health Sciences.

Course Title: Innovation, Creativity, and Entrepreneurial L

Mindset

Course Code: BRI415

L T P Cr.
2 0 0 2

Total Hours: 30

Learning Outcomes: After Completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- ❖ Define innovation and its importance in various contexts.
- ❖ Apply design thinking principles to identify and solve complex problems.
- Cultivate creativity through practical techniques and exercises.
- ❖ Analyze entrepreneurial opportunities and develop basic business models.
- ❖ Evaluate the role of innovation in organizational success and apply relevant strategies and processes.

Course Contents

UNIT-I 10 Hours

Introduction to Innovation and Creativity

Understanding Innovation

- o Introduction to innovation and its importance
- o Types of innovation: product, process, business model, etc.
- Case studies of innovative companies

Cultivating Creativity

- o What is creativity?
- o Techniques for enhancing creativity
- Overcoming creative blocks

UNIT-II 05 Hours

Introduction to Design Thinking,

- o Design thinking process: empathize, define, ideate, prototype, test
- o Applying design thinking to real-world problems
- o Problem Identification and Solution Generation

UNIT-III 10 Hours

Introduction to Entrepreneurship

- o Characteristics of successful entrepreneurs
- o Entrepreneurial mindset: risk-taking, resilience, vision, etc.
- o Identifying problems and opportunities
- Brainstorming techniques
- Prototyping and testing solutions

UNIT-IV 05 Hours

 Students work on a final project applying concepts learned throughout the course

- Presentations of final projects
- o Reflection on personal learning and growth in innovation, creativity, and entrepreneurial mindset

Transaction Modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer.

- Innovation and Entrepreneurship" by Peter F. Drucker
- The Lean Startup: How Today's Entrepreneurs Use Continuous Innovation to Create Radically Successful Businesses
- The Innovator's Dilemma" by Clayton M. Christensen The Startup Owner's Manual: The Step-by-Step Guide for Building a Great Company" by Steve Blank and Bob Dorf

Course Title: :Contrast & Special

Procedures

Course Code: BRI410

Radiography

L	T	P	Cr.
4	0	0	4

Total Hours: 60

Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Grasp the responsibility of radiographer during radiological procedures.
- 2. Approve the basic techniques and their correlation with other techniques of the subsequent special procedures.
- 3. Classify the various types of contrast media used in radiology.
- 4. Determine appropriate patient interaction and preparation for all Radiographic examinations and procedures maintaining the principle of sterile technique and execute the knowledge of c-arm and manipulation.

Course Contents

UNIT-I 15 Hours

Special Radiographic Procedures:- Responsibility of Radiographer during Radiological Procedures. Preparation of Patient for Different Procedures. Contrast Media - Positive and Negative, Ionic & Non - Ionic Adverse Reactions To Contrast Media and Patient Management Emergency Drugs in the Radiology Department Emergency Equipment's In the Radiology Department Aseptic technique Indications, contraindications, basic techniques and relationship to other techniques of the following special procedures

UNIT-II 15 Hours

Gastrointestinal Tract: Fluoroscopy, general considerations, responsibility of radiographers Barium swallow, pharynx and oesophagus Barium meal and follow through Hypotonic duodenography Small bowel enema Barium Enema routine projections for colon and rectum, colonic activators; double contrast studies; colostomy. Special techniques for specific disease to be examined Water soluble contrast media - e.g. gastrograffin studies Salivary glands: Routine technique, procedure – Sialography

UNIT-III 15 Hours

Biliary System: Plain film radiography Intravenous Cholangiography Percutaneous Cholangiography Endoscopic retrograde cholangiopancreatography (ERCP) Operative Cholangiography Post-Operative Cholangiography (T - tube Cholangiography). Urinary system: Intravenous urography retrograde pyelography Ante grade pyelography Cystography and micturatingcystourethrography (ascending) renal puncture, RGP,

B.VOC MIT 24-25

UNIT-IV 15 Hours

Female Reproductive System:Hysterosalpingography.Respiratory system: Bronchography, Sinography: Routine technique and procedure. Fistulogram. Lacrimal system: Dacrocystography (DCG), Lymphatic system: Lymphangiography

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer

- □ Berlin, L. (1994). A Guide to Radiological Procedures. Radiology, 191(2), 506-506. Chapman, S., &Nikielny, R. (1986). A guide to radiological procedures.
- ☐ Gupta, A. K., Garg, A., &Khandelwal, N. (2017).Diagnostic Radiology: Gastrointestinal and Hepatobiliary Imaging. JP Medical Ltd.

Course Title: Clinical Radiography Positioning-II

(Practical)

Course Code: BRI408

L	T	P	Cr.			
0	0	4	2			
Total Hours: 30						

Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Provide knowledge of the basic patient positioning during radiographic investigation.
- 2. Apply special positioning skills for different pathological and physical conditions
- 3. Explain the radiographic appearances of both normal and common abnormal conditions.
- 4. Explain relative positions of x-ray tube and patient relevant exposure factors during radiography.

Practical/Clinical posting

30 Hours

Distributors.

- Objective1: Understand and perform various radiographic views of the skull.
- Objective2: Explore imaging techniques for temporal bones and paranasal sinuses.
- Objective3: Conduct imaging of the orbits and nasal structures.

CBŚ

- Objective4: Practice general abdominal radiography and positioning for fluid and air levels.
- Objective5: Understand the techniques and precautions for ward/mobile radiography.

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer

Suggested Readings

Technicians.

Whitley, A	. S.,	Jefferson,	G.,	Holm	es, .	K., Sloane	, <i>C.</i> ,	Anderson	, C.,
&Hoadley,	G. (20	015).Clark	's Pos	sitionin	ıg in	Radiograp	hy 1.	3E. crc Pres	ss.
BhDebnath	, <i>J</i> .	(2016).	Textl	ook	of i	radiology	for	residents	ana
technicians	.Astro	ocyte, 2(4),	221-	221.					
Bhargava,	S. K	. (2001).	Text	Book	of	Radiologu	for	Residents	and

Publishers

Course Title: Physics of Newer Imaging Modalities L T P Cr. (Practical)

Course Code: BRI417

0 0 4 2

Total Hours: 30

Learning Outcomes: On completion of this course, the Learner will be able to

- 1. Explain Protocols for various studies- patient preparation-positioning of the patient in MRI
- 2. Describe basics of common clinical Nuclear Medicine procedures/techniques
- 3. Illustrate the techniques of ultra-sonography and Computed Tomography
- 4. Determine applications of various procedures in well-equipped Hospitals and Diagnostic Centres and quality control of CT

Practical/Clinical posting

30 Hours

- 1. Physics, scanning principle and image formation in CT
- 2. Identification of different parts of CT scanner
- 3. Applications of various procedures in well-equipped Hospitals and Diagnostic Centers
- 4. Quality control of CT

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer

Bhagava, S	S. K. (2001).	Text Book	of Radio	logy for	Residents	and
Technicians	.CBS Publish	ers & Distrib	utors.			
Singh, H. (2)	016). Textboo	k of Radiolog	y Physics.	JP Media	cal Ltd.	
Seeram, E.	(2015). Com	puted Tomog	graphy-EE	Rook: Phy	sical Princ	iples,
Clinical App	lications, and	Quality Con	trol.Elsevi	er Health	Sciences.	
Bushong, S.	<i>C.</i> , & <i>Facmp</i> ,	S. F. (2020).	Radiologic	Science f	for Technolo	ogists
EBook:	Physics,	Biology,	and	Protecti	ion. M	osby.

Course Title: Community Medicine

Course Code: BRI412

L	T	P	Cr.
2	0	0	2

Total Hours: 30

Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Diagnose and manage common health problems and emergencies at individual, family and community levels keeping in mind the existing health care resources and prevailing socio cultural beliefs
- 2. Describe the principles and components of primary health care and the national health policies to achieve the goal of "Health for all"
- 3. Describe the demographic pattern of the country and appreciate the roles of the individual, family, community and socio cultural milieu in health and disease
- 4. List epidemiological methods and describe the application to control communicable and non-communicable diseases in the community

Course Contents

UNIT I 10 Hours

Definition, scope, and objectives of Community Medicine. Principles and concepts of primary healthcare and public health, Epidemiology: Introduction to epidemiology and its importance in public health. Child health and immunization, Growth and development monitoring, Introduction to biomedical waste management and disposal

UNIT II 05 Hours

Measures of disease frequency and association. Study designs in epidemiology, Outbreak investigation and control, Screening of diseases, Environmental Principles of health education and communication, Communication techniques and methods, Health promotion strategies, Health behaviour change theories.

UNIT III 10 Hours

Principles of infection and disease transmission, Epidemiology, prevention, and control of common communicable diseases such as tuberculosis, malaria, HIV/AIDS, hepatitis, etc., Immunization and vaccine preventable diseases, Control of vector-borne diseases, Non-communicable Diseases: Integrated Management of Childhood Illness (IMCI), Health Education and Communication

UNIT IV 05 Hours

Introduction to non-communicable diseases (NCDs) and their risk factors.,

Epidemiology, prevention, and control of NCDs like cardiovascular diseases, diabetes, cancer, respiratory diseases, etc., Lifestyle modifications and health promotion, Reproductive health and family planning, Primary healthcare and healthcare facilities.

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer

- Anderson, M. B., & Blue, C. L. (Eds.). (2018). Community/public health nursing: Promoting the health of populations (7th ed.). Elsevier.
- Green, L. W., &Kreuter, M. W. (2005). Health program planning: An educational and ecological approach (4th ed.). McGraw-Hill.
- Nies, M. A., & McEwen, M. (2019). Community/public health nursing: Promoting the health of populations (7th ed.). Saunders.
- Terris, M. (2012). Epidemiology for the uninitiated (5th ed.). BMJ Books.
- Wilson, J. F., & Brownstein, R. H. (2017). Community health nursing: Caring for the public's health (3rd ed.). Jones & Bartlett Learning.

Course Title: Fundamental of Nursing

Course Code: BRI413

L	T	P	Cr.
3	0	0	3

Total Hours: 45

Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Develop strong interpersonal and communication skills to interact with patients, families, and healthcare team members.
 - 2. Learn and practice fundamental nursing skills, such as bathing, grooming, turning and positioning, and assisting with activities of daily living (ADLs).
 - 3. Safely administer medications, recognizing common medication errors and prevention strategies.
 - 4. Analyze the identification, evaluation and model of nursing care plan.

Course Contents

UNIT-I 15 Hours

Introduction to Nursing, Nursing Care of the patient, Meeting the needs of a patient, Assessment of patient, Infection control, Therapeutic Nursing Care, Introduction to Clinical Pharmacology, First Aid Need for First Aid, Minor injuries and ailments, Fractures, Life threatening conditions, Community emergencies & community resources

UNIT-II 10 Hours

Introduction to Nursing: Definition of Nursing - a profession: qualities of a nurse, Professional etiquette s for Nurses, Ethical Aspects of Nursing, ICN code of Ethics for Nurses, Nurses role in safeguarding the clients rights

UNIT- III 10 Hours

Terminology, spiritually in Nursing, factors which effect spiritual health

Goals of spiritual care Nursing process: (assessment, nursing diagnosis, planning, intervention, evaluation)

UNIT-IV 10 Hours

Nursing process, Description of nursing process-definitions, Characteristics of nursing process-phases of nursing process-assessment-nursing diagnosis, outcome

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer

- Bessesen, D. H. (2008). Update on obesity. JClinEndocrinolMetab.93(6), 2027-2034.
- Butryn, M.L., Phelan, S., &Hill, J. O.(2007). Consistent self-monitoring of weight: a key component of successful weight loss maintenance. Obesity(Silver Spring). 15(12), 3091-3096.
- Chu, S.Y. & Kim, L. J. (2007). Maternal obesity and risk of stillbirth: a metaanalysis. Am JObstetGynecol, 197(3), 223-228.
- DeMaria, E. J. (2007). Bariatric surgery for morbid obesity. N Engl J Med,356(21), 2176-2183.

Course Title: Physics of Radiotherapy

Course Code: BRI414

L	T	P	Cr.
3	0	0	3

Total Hours: 45

Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Identify medical radiation related instrumentation and apply techniques associated with diagnostic imaging & radiation oncology.
- 2. Compare theoretical, practical and professional information and communicate knowledge, ideas and procedures to other health care professionals/practioners, researchers and other key stakeholders.
- 3. Identify the biological effects of radiation and its application for radiation safety and for radiation treatment.
- 4. Classify radiation and radioactivity, its properties, units of measure, dosimetry measurement concepts and methods.

Course Contents

UNIT-I 15 Hours

Radiation Units: Activity, Becquerel (Bq), exposure, Roentgen, absorbed dose, rad, Gray, dose-equivalent, rem, Sievert, KERMA. Relation between absorbed dose, exposure and KERMA. Calculation of absorbed dose from exposure, absorbed dose to air, absorbed dose to any medium, Bragg-Gray theory. Stopping power. Transfer of absorbed dose from one medium to another of photons, electrons. Exposure from radioactive sources, exposure rate constant.

UNIT-II 10 Hours

Dosimetric calculations: Dose calculation parameters, collimator scatter factor (Sc), phantom scatter factor (Sp), Tissue phantom ratio (TPR), tissue maximum ratio (TMR), and their influencing factors. Relationship between TMR and PDD.Scatter maximum ratio (SMR).

UNIT-III 10 Hours

Isodose distribution of phantom beam: Isodosecharts, measurement of isodose curves, parameters of isodose curves: beam quality, source size, SSD and SDD – penumbra effect, collimation and flattening filter, field size, Wedge filters: wedge angle, wedge

transmission factor, wedge systems, effect of beam quality, design of wedge filters. Bolus, tissue compensators, shielding blocks.

UNIT-IV 10 Hours

Electron beam therapy: Electron interactions, rate of energy less, collisional losses (ionization and excitation) radiation losses (bremsstrahlung), polarization, stopping power, absorbed dose, electron scattering, most probable energy, mean energy, energy at depth. Determination of absorbed dose, output calibration, phantom, reference depth and field size, absorbed dose calculation, depth dose distribution, central axis depth dose curves, isodose curves for different electron energies.

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer

- Symonds, P. P., Deehan, C., Meredith, C., & Mills, J. A. (2012). Walter and Miller's Textbook of Radiotherapy E-book: Radiation Physics, Therapy and Oncology. Elsevier Health Sciences.
- Pawlicki, T., Scanderbeg, D. J., &Starkschall, G. (2016). Hendee's radiation therapy physics. John Wiley & Son

Course Title: Patient Care and Hospital Administration

Course Code: BRI419

L	T	P	Cr.
3	0	0	3

Total Hours 45

Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Foster effective communication and collaboration among healthcare professionals from various disciplines.
- 2. Develop skills in resource allocation, capacity planning, and inventory management within a hospital.
- 3. Evaluate electronic health records (EHR) and data management for improved patient care and efficient hospital operations.
- 4. Implement strategies and methodologies for continuous quality improvement in patient care.

Course Content

UNIT-I 10 Hours

Hospital structure and organization, Radiography as a profession – professionalism, Aims and objectives of first aid; wounds and bleeding, dressing and bandages; pressure and splints, supports etc. Shock; insensibility; asphyxia; convulsions; resuscitation, use of suction apparatus, drug reactions; prophylactic measures; administration of oxygen; electric shock; burns; scalds; haemorrhage; pressure points; compression band. Fractures; splints, bandaging; dressing, foreign bodies

UNIT-II 10 Hours

Moving and lifting patients - hazards of lifting and manoeuvring patients, rules for correct lifting, transfer from chair or trolley to couch and vice-versa, safety of both "Lifter" and "the Lifted" must be emphasised. Highlight on handling of geriatric, paediatric and trauma patients, Communicable diseases (special reference to AIDS), cross infection and prevention, patient hygiene, personal hygiene, departmental hygiene, handling of infectious patients in the department, application of asepsis, inflammation and infection processes.

UNIT-III 10 Hours

Patient vital signs - temperature, pulse, respiration and blood pressure - normal values and methods of taking and recording them. Medico-legal considerations - radiographers clinical and ethical responsibilities, misconduct and malpractice; handling female patients, practice in pregnancy.

UNIT-IV 15 Hours

Radiological contrast media - classification, need for radiological contrast media, methods of administration, dosage, reactions to contrast media, role of the imaging department and the radiographer in management of patient with contrast reaction. Principles of asepsis: Sterilisation - methods of sterilisation; use of central sterile supply department; care of identification of instruments, surgical dressings in common use, including filamented swabs, elementary operating theatre procedure; setting of trays and trolleys in the radiotherapy department (for study by radiotherapy students only)

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer

- Curry, T. S., Dowdey, J. E., & Murray, R. C. (1990). Christensen's physics of diagnostic radiology. Lippincott Williams & Wilkins.
- Podgoršak, E. B. (2006). Radiation physics for medical physicists (Vol. 1). Berlin: Springer.
- Weishaupt, D., Köchli, V. D., & Marincek, B. (2008). How does MRI work?: an introduction to the physics and function of magnetic resonance imaging. Springer Science & Business Media.

Course Title: Mentoring and Professional development

Course Code: BRI420

L	T	P	Cr.
3	0	0	3

Total Hours 45

Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Provide appropriate first Aid for minor injuries including small cuts, grazes, bruises etc.
- 2. Assess situations and circumstances in order to provide First Aid safely, promptly and effectively in a range of emergencies.
- 3. Manage organizations, records related to patients and departmental statistics.
- 4 Administer First Aid to an adult who is choking.

Course Contents

UNIT-I 15 Hours

First aid: Aims and objectives of first aid; wounds and bleeding, dressing and bandages; pressure and splints, supports etc. Shock; insensibility; asphyxia; convulsions; resuscitation, use of suction apparatus; drug reactions; prophylactic measures; administration of oxygen; electric shock; burns; scalds; haemorrhage; pressure points; compression band. Fractures; splints, bandaging; dressing, foreign bodies; poisons.

UNIT-II 10 Hours

Infection: Bacteria, their nature and appearance; spread of infections; auto-infection or cross-infection; the inflammatory process; local tissue reaction, general body reaction; ulceration; Asepsis and antisepsis. Universal precautions, hospital acquired infections- HIV, Hepatitis B, C, and MRSA etc.

UNIT-III 10 Hours

Principles of Asepsis: Sterilization - methods of sterilization; use of central sterile supply department; care of identification of instruments, surgical dressings in common use, including filament swabs, elementary operating theatre procedure; setting of trays and trolleys in the radio imaging department (for study by radio imaging students only)

UNIT-IV 10 Hours

Departmental procedures: Department staffing and organizations; records relating to patients and departmental statistics; professional attitudes of the technologist to patients and other members of the staff, medico-legal aspects accidents in the department;

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question

Answer

- Curry, T. S., Dowdey, J. E., & Murray, R. C. (1990). Christensen's physics of diagnostic radiology. Lippincott Williams & Wilkins.
- Podgoršak, E. B. (2006). Radiation physics for medical physicists (Vol. 1). Berlin: Springer.
- Weishaupt, D., Köchli, V. D., & Marincek, B. (2008). How does MRI work?: an introduction to the physics and function of magnetic resonance imaging. Springer Science & Business Media

Semester 5th

Course Title: Cross Sectional Anatomy and Physiology

Course Code: BRI501

L	T	P	Cr.
4	0	0	4

Total Hours: 60

Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Identify cross-sectional anatomy in the sagittal, coronal and axial planes on CT and MR images.
- 2. Describe anatomical structural relationships. Recognize normal anatomy.
- 3. Locate and identify pertinent cerebral, upper thorax, mid-thorax, and abdominal anatomy. On CT and MR images, identify anatomical structures of the body and of the head.
- 4. Distinguish between arterial and venous anatomy of the entire body's vascular system.

Course Contents

UNIT-I 15 Hours

Introduction to Sectional Anatomy & Terminology- Sectional planes, Anatomical relationships/terminology.

UNIT-II 15 Hours

Anatomy of the Upper Thorax- Surface anatomy relationships, Bony structures and muscles, Blood vessels, Divisions of the mid-thorax, heart and great vessels- Lungs, heart and great vessels, Oesophagus

UNIT-III 15 Hours

CT/MRI Images of the Thorax - Normal and pathological, Anatomy of the Abdomen- Major organs and their accessories, Abdominal blood vessels CT/MR Images of Abdomen - Normal and pathological

UNIT-IV 15 Hours

• Cross-sectional anatomy of the skull and brain. Major brain structures: cerebrum, cerebellum, brainstem. Ventricular system and cerebrospinal fluid pathways Blood supply to the brain (Circle of Willis) CT/MRI Images of the brain - Normal and pathological

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer

Chaurasia, B. D. (2004). Human anatomy (p. 53). CBS Publisher.	
Netter, F. H. (1990). Atlas of Human Anatomy/Frank H. Netter. Ea	ıst
Hanover, New Jersey, 592.	
Agur, A. M., &Dalley, A. F. (2009). Grant's atlas of anatomy. Lippinco	ott
Williams & Wilkins.	
Ashalatha, P. R., &Deepa, G. (2012). Textbook of Anatomy & Physiolog	gy
for Nurses. JP Medical Lt	td.

Course Title: Radiographic Techniques of Advanced

Imaging Technology
Course Code: BRI502

1	L	T	P	Cr.
	4	0	0	4

Total Hours: 60

Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Provide knowledge and experience of basic MRI sequencing and processing.
- 2. Define basic principle and physics of ultrasonography and nuclear medicine.
- 3. Explain the history and generations CT/MRI., scan and Demonstrate all technical aspects and protocols.
- 4. Analyze different types of Artifacts and correction. Demonstrate the QA and QC doing himself and take care of QA & QC papers.

Course Contents

UNIT-I 15 Hours

Ultrasonography Doppler Studies: Techniques of sonography-selection-Preparations - instructions and positioning of patient for TAS, TVS, TRUS, neck USG and extremities- patient care and maintenance protocols clinical applications display methods –quality image reproducible extend – biopsy procedures, assurance to patients.

UNIT-II 15 Hours

CT scan Studies Acquisition/ Protocols / Techniques: CT of head and neck

thorax – abdomen – pelvis – muscular skeletal system – spine – PNS.
 Anatomy – clinical indications and contraindications – patient preparation
 technique – contrast media-types, dose, injection technique; timing, sequence - image display – patient care – utilization of available techniques
 image processing facilities to guide the clinician- CT anatomy and pathology of different organ systems.

UNIT-III 15 Hours

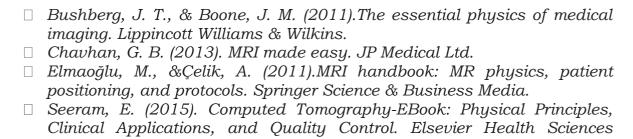
MRI Scanners: Methods of MRI imaging methods – Head and Neck ,Thorax, Abdomen, Musculoskeletal System imaging - Clinical indications and contraindications- types of common sequences effects of sequence on imaging - Protocols for various studies- slice section- patient preparation-positioning of the patient -patient care-calibration –

UNIT-IV 15 Hours

Paramagnetic Agents and dose, additional techniques and recent advances in MRI - image acquisition-modification of procedures in an unconscious or un co-operative patient - plain studies- contrast studies -special procedures-reconstructions- 3D images- MRS blood flow imaging, diffusion/perfusion scans - strength and limitations of MRI.

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer



Course Title: Physics of Advanced Imaging Technology

L T P Cr.
4 0 0 4

Course Code: BRI503 Total Hours: 60

Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate the basic principle and hardware of CT and MRI.
- 2. Demonstrate how to improve image quality in different protocols.
- 3. Assess technical aspects, protocol and planning techniques in MRI.
- 4. Prepare and position the patients for ultrasonography and nuclear medicine examination.

Course Contents

UNIT-I 15 Hours

Basic Computed Tomography- Basic principles of CT, generations of CT, CT instrumentation, image formation in CT, CT image reconstruction, Hounsfield unit, CT image quality, CT image display Advanced Computed Tomography Helical CT scan: Slip ring technology, advantages, multi detector array helical CT, cone – beam geometry, reconstruction of helical CT images, CT artifact, CT angiography, CT fluoroscopy, HRCT, post processing techniques: MPR, MIP, Min IP, 3D rendering: SSD and VR, CT Dose, patient preparation, Imaging techniques and protocols for various parts of body, CT contrast enhanced protocols – CT angiography – (Aortogram, selective angiogram head, neck and peripheral) image documentation and Filing, maintenance of equipment and accessories.

UNIT-II 15 Hours

Advanced Technique & Instrumentation of MRI a. Basic Principles: Spin – precession – relaxation time – pulse cycle – T1 weighted image – T2 weighted image – proton density image, Pulse sequence : Spin echo pulse sequence – turbo spin echo pulse sequence – Gradient echo sequence echo pulse sequence – Inversion recovery sequence – STIR sequence – SPIR sequence – FLAIR sequence.

UNIT-III 15 Hours

MR Instrumentation: Types of magnets – RF transmitter – RF receiver – Gradient coils – shim coils – RF shielding – computers, K-space representation – 3D Fourier imaging – MIP, MR contrast media – MR angiography – TOF & PCA – MR Spectroscopy – functional MRI

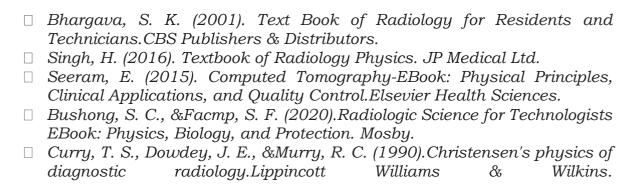
UNIT-IV 15 Hours

Ultrasonography: Basic Acoustics, Ultrasound terminologies: acoustic pressure, power, intensity, impedance, speed, and frequency, Interaction of

US with matter: reflection, transmission, scattering, refraction and absorption, attenuation and attenuation coefficients, US machine controls, US focusing. c. Production of ultrasound: Piezoelectricity, Medical ultrasound transducer: Principle, construction and working, characteristics of US beam, Ultrasound display modes: A, B, M Real-time ultrasound: Line density and frame rate, Real-time ultrasound transducers: mechanical and electronic arrays, ultrasound artifacts, ultrasound recording devices, and Distance, area & volume measurements. f. Techniques for imaging different anatomic areas, ultrasound artifacts, biological effects and safety. g. Doppler Ultrasound-Patient preparation for Doppler, Doppler artifacts, vascular sonography,

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer



Course Title: Cross Sectional Anatomy and Physiology

(Practical)

Course Code: BRI508

7	L	T	P	Cr.
	0	0	4	2

Total Hours: 30

Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Explain normal disposition of various structures and organs in the body and its clinical correlation.
- 2. Evaluate and maintain an accurate record of the effectiveness of the cleaning, disinfecting and sterilizing processes in medical professions.
- 3. Describe the microscopic structure of various tissues.
- 4. Identify organs and tissues under microscope.

Course Content

Practical/Clinical posting

30 Hours

- 1. Identification and description of all anatomical structures.
- 2. Demonstration of dissected parts.
- 3. Demonstration of skeleton-articulated and disarticulated.
- 4. Surface anatomy: Surface landmark-bony,
- 5. Muscular and ligaments.
- 6. Surface anatomy of major nerves,
- 7. Arteries of the limbs.

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer

- □ Ashalatha, P. R., &Deepa, G. (2012). Textbook of Anatomy & Physiology for Nurses. JP Medical Ltd.
- □ Pal, G. K. (2006). Textbook Of Practical Physiology-2Nd Edn. Orient Blackswan.
- ☐ Chaurasia, B. D. (2004). Human anatomy (p. 53). CBS Publisher.

Course Title: Radiographic Techniques of Advanced

Imaging Technology (Practical)

Course Code: BRI509

L	T	P	Cr.
0	0	4	2

Total Hours: 30

Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Scan with various Computed Tomography protocols for better representation of images.
- 2. Manage patients for any post contrast reactions.
- 3. Learn the measures for improving image quality in ultrasonography and nuclear medicine.
- 4. Describe circuit system of radiology equipment's.

Course Content

Practical/Clinical posting

30 Hours

- 1. Physics, scanning principle and image formation in CT/MRI/USG.
- 2. Identification of different parts of CT /MRI/USG scanner.
- 3. Applications of various procedures in well-equipped Hospitals and Diagnostic Centres.
- 4. Quality control of CT /MRI.

Bhargava, S. K. (2001). Text Book of Radiology for Residents	ana
Technicians.CBS Publishers & Distributors.	
Debnath, J. (2016). Textbook of radiology for residents	and
technicians.Astrocyte, 2(4), 221-221.	
Chavhan, G. B. (2013). MRI made easy. JP Medical Ltd.	
Magbool, M. (Ed.). (2017). An introduction to medical physics. Springe	er.

Course Title: Ultrasound imaging

Course Code: BRI513

L	T	P	Cr.
0	0	0	2

Total Hours: 30

Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Students will understand the fundamental principles of ultrasound physics, including sound wave propagation, frequency, wavelength, and their interactions with different types of tissues.
- 2. Students will gain detailed knowledge about the components and functioning of ultrasound machines, including transducers and Doppler systems.
- 3. Students will learn various ultrasound imaging techniques such as B-mode, Doppler, and advanced 3D/4D imaging, and understand how these techniques are applied in clinical diagnostics.

Course Contents

UNIT-I 10 Hours

1. **Physics of Ultrasound**: Basic principles of sound waves, Frequency, wavelength, and propagation of ultrasound, Interaction of ultrasound with tissues

UNIT-II 05 Hours

1. **Instrumentation**: Ultrasound transducers, Types of ultrasound machines and their components, Maintenance and safety protocols for ultrasound equipment

B.VOC MIT 24-25

UNIT-III 10 Hours

1. Imaging Techniques: Image formation and resolution, Real-time imaging and B-mode ultrasound, Advanced techniques: Doppler, color Doppler, and 3D/4D imaging

UNIT-IV 05 Hours

• Doppler ultrasound and its applications

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer

Diagnostic Ultrasound" by Carol M. Rumack, Stephanie R. Wilson, J.				
William Charboneau, Deborah Levine				
Ultrasonography in Obstetrics and Gynecology" by Peter W. Callen				
"Introduction to Ultrasound Physics and Instrumentation" by				
Sidney K. Edelman				

Course Title: Research Methodology

Course Code: BRI510

L	T	P	Cr.
2	0	0	2

Total Hours: 30

Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- Demonstrate the importance of research in medical laboratory technology.
- Identify different types of research designs and their appropriate applications.
- Design research studies and select appropriate data collection methods.
- Analyze and interpret research data using appropriate statistical techniques.

UNIT-I 10 Hours

Research design and sampling techniques, Data Collection Methods, Questionnaire design and surveys, Interviews and focus groups, Observation and case studies, Laboratory experiments, Introduction to ethics and its importance in the healthcare profession, Ethical challenges specific to medical laboratory technology.

UNIT-II 05 Hours

Informed Consent and Patient Autonomy, Understanding the concept of informed consent, Ethical considerations in obtaining and documenting informed consent, Ethical Issues in Research and Innovation, Ethical considerations in medical laboratory research, Ethical challenges in the use of emerging technologies, Ethical Issues in Laboratory Management, Ethical responsibilities of laboratory managers and administrators, Balancing patient care, financial constraints, and quality assurance.

UNIT-III 10 Hours

Introduction to Research Methods, Definition and importance of research in medical laboratory technology, Types of research: qualitative and quantitative, Ethical considerations in research, Research Process, Research problem identification, Review of literature and development of research Question Answers, Formulation of research objectives and hypotheses

UNIT-IV 05 Hours

Introduction to major ethical theories (utilitarianism, deontology, virtue ethics), Applying ethical theories to medical laboratory practice, Research problem identification, Review of literature and development of research Question Answers, Formulation of research objectives and hypotheses, Research design and sampling techniques

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer

Suggested Readings

• Creswell, J. W. (2014). Research design: Qualitative, quantitative, and mixed methods approaches. Sage Publications.

- Yin, R. K. (2018). Case study research and applications: Design and methods. Sage Publications.
- Bryman, A. (2016). Social research methods. Oxford University Press.
- Saunders, M., Lewis, P., & Thornhill, A. (2019). Research methods for business students. Pearson.
- Neuman, W. L. (2014). Social research methods: Qualitative and quantitative approaches. Pearson.
- Kothari, C. R. (2014). Research methodology: Methods and techniques. New Age International.

Course Title: Medical Law and Ethics

Course Code: BRI514

L	T	P	Cr.
3	0	0	3

Total Hours: 45

Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- The course provides an introduction to ethics generally and more specifically to medical ethics, examining in particular the principle of autonomy, which informs much of medical law.
- Thecourse then considers the general part of medical law governing the legal relationship betweenmedical practitioners and their patients. It considers the legal implications of the provision ofmedical advice, diagnosis and treatment.
- Selected medico-legal issues over a human life are also examined.

UNIT-I 10 Hours

Overview of medical ethics and its importance in healthcare, Historical development of medical ethics, The Indian medical council act, 2. Medical council of India (functions),3. Functions of state medicalcouncils, 4. The declaration of Geneva

UNIT-II 10 Hours

Patient Rights and Informed Consent, Right to Privacy, Right to Informed Decision-Making, Right to Quality Care, Right to Dignity and Respect, Right to Safety: Informed Consent, Importance of informed consent, Special Considerations, Challenges and Controversies

UNIT-III 15 Hours

Professional negligence, Medical maloccurrence, Ethical negligence, Corporate negligence, Precautions against negligence, Contributory negligence, Criminal negligence, Prevention of medical negligence, supreme court of India guidelines on medical negligence

UNIT-IV 10 Hours

Medical records, Introduction to Medical Records, Components of Medical Records, Electronic Health Records (EHR), Electronic Medical Records (EMR), Electronic Medical Records (EMR) vs. Electronic Health Records (EHR), Picture archiving and communication (PACS), and DICOM.

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer

Suggested Readings

Medical Law and Ethics by Shaun D Pattinson, 5th edition, 2017.

Course Title: Orientation in Clinical Sciences

Course Code: BRI512

L	T	P	Cr.
3	0	0	3

Total Hours: 45

Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate the ethical principles in healthcare, including patient autonomy, confidentiality, informed consent, and maintaining professional behavior and boundaries in a clinical setting.
- 2. Familiarize the students with the healthcare system.
- 3. Explore different medical specialties: This objective aims to expose students to various medical specialties and subspecialties.
- 4. Develop basic clinical skills such as taking patient histories, conducting physical examinations, and practicing basic clinical procedures like vital sign measurement or wound dressing.

Course Contents

UNIT: I 10 Hours

Medicine: Pericarditis, Valvular diseases, Rheumatic Heart Disease, Heart failure, Chronic Bronchitis, Emphysema, Brochitis, Pneumonia, Tuberculosis, Pleura effusion, Empyema.

UNIT: II 10 Hours

Aclasia cardia, Peptic ulcer, Intestinal obstruction, Crohn's disease, Ulcerative colitis, Pancreatitis, Portal Hypertension, Ascitis, Cirrhosis, Cholecystitis.

UNIT: III 15 Hours

UTI: Glomerulo nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, Urinary calculi Polycystic Kidney disease, Cerebral Vascular Disorders, Meningitis, Encephalitis.

UNIT: III 10 Hours

Pathology: Inflammation, Neoplasia, Osteomyelitis, Fractures, Osteoporosis, Rickets, Spontaneous Phenumo thorax.

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer

912-919.

Suggested Readings

38(9),

□ Agha, A., & Thompson, J. (2020). The Impact of Orientation Programs on Clinical Skills Development. Journal of Medical Education, 45(2), 127-135.
□ Bell, K., & Anderson, L. (2019). Effective Strategies for Orientation in Clinical Sciences. Clinical Education Review, 15(3), 67-82.
□ Carter, S., & Johnson, R. (2018). The Role of Orientation in Clinical Sciences: A Comparative Study. Journal of Health Professions Education, 30(4), 209-216.
□ Davis, M., & Smith, P. (2017). Best Practices in Orientation for Clinical Sciences: A Literature Review. Journal of Medical Education and Training, 25(1), 45-57.
□ Henderson, C., & Brown, L. (2016). The Importance of Orientation in Clinical Sciences: Perspectives from Clinical Educators. Medical Teacher,

L	T	P	Cr
0	0	0	20

Semester 6th

Course Title: Training/Internship report

Course Code: BRI601

Learning Outcomes: After successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Prepare and maintain operation theatre as well as patients before surgery.
- 2. Maintain a sterile field and theatre equipment and follow infection control policies.
- 3. Manage hazardous waste and follow biomedical waste disposal protocols.
- 4. Demonstrate skills and knowledge to assist anesthetist in handling emergencies.

Course Contents

Students have to carry out a training report (on any topic related to radiology and imaging technology) under the supervision of a faculty. The taining report has to be prepared on the basis of the training work carried out. The assessment is done on the basis of the work done and the presentation and viva.